FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
A contractual fund domiciled in Amsterdam

March 2022
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**DEFINITIONS**

Unless the context otherwise requires, the words and expressions below, which are written with a capital letter in this Prospectus, have the following definitions:

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<td>Act on Financial Supervision</td>
<td>the Dutch Act on Financial Supervision (Wet op het financieel toezicht, Wft)</td>
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<td>Administrator</td>
<td>The Administrator has been merged with the Manager on 10 December 2021. The Administrator was a 100% subsidiary of the Manager since 5 January 2021. The department within the Manager that performs certain administration services, among which (i) the fund administration; (ii) the calculation of the NAV per Participation; and (iii) the maintenance of the Register of Participants;</td>
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<td>Affiliated Party</td>
<td>a natural person or legal entity that fits the definition of “gelieerde partij” as defined in article 1 BGfo;</td>
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<td>Appendix</td>
<td>an appendix to this Prospectus;</td>
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<td>Authorised Administrations</td>
<td>the Union, the national administrations of the Member States or their central banks, regional or local authorities of Member States which can be treated as exposure to the central government according to article 115(2) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013, the European Central Bank, the European Investment Bank, the European Investment Fund, the European Stability Mechanism, the European Financial Stability Facility, a central authority or central bank of a third country, the International Monetary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Council of Europe Development Bank, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Bank for International Settlements, or any other relevant international financial institution or organisation to which one or more Member States belong;</td>
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<td>Base Prospectus</td>
<td>the general part of the Prospectus describing the overall conditions and features of the Fund;</td>
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<td>BGfo</td>
<td>Decree on the Supervision of the Conduct of Financial Enterprises Wft (Besluit Gedragstoezicht op financiële ondernemingen Wft: BGfo) as applicable from time to time or any legislation which replaces it;</td>
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<td>Business Day</td>
<td>any day the Euronext Amsterdam is open for trading, unless defined otherwise in the Sub-Fund supplement and when applicable at Sub-Fund level;</td>
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<td>CACEIS Bank Netherlands branch</td>
<td>see definition of Custodian and Depositary;</td>
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<td>Cash Funds</td>
<td>Sub-Fund of the Fund being QMMF and corresponding to the following ISIN: NL0010661914;</td>
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<td>Class (of Participations)</td>
<td>any class of Participations in respect of any Sub-Fund, each Class having equal rights and obligations and the same assets and liabilities, but with possibly different redemption characteristics, fee-structure or currency denomination;</td>
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<td>Commencement Date</td>
<td>means, in relation to any Sub-Fund, the date upon which Participations are first issued;</td>
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<td>Country of Risk</td>
<td>“country of risk” of a financial instruments as identified in Bloomberg. This is calculated by Bloomberg according to a specific methodology which makes use of these four factors in order of importance: management location, country of primary listing, country of revenue and reporting currency of the issuer and it appears in the form of the ISO country code of the relevant country of risk;</td>
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<td>Covered Bonds</td>
<td>bonds issued by a single credit institution that has its registered office in a Member State and is subject by law to special public supervision designed to protect bond-holders. In particular, sums deriving from the issue of those bonds shall be invested in accordance with the law in assets which, during the whole period of validity of the bonds, are capable of covering claims attaching to the bonds and which, in the event of failure of the issuer, would be used on a priority basis for the reimbursement of the principal and payment of the accrued interest;</td>
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Custodian(s)

- flatexDEGIRO Bank Dutch Branch, a branch of the German bank flatexDEGIRO Bank AG that provides brokerage and custody services (through SPV) to the Fund. flatexDEGIRO Bank Dutch Branch is registered with DNB (acting as the host supervisor). flatexDEGIRO Bank AG is supervised by the German BaFin; and
- CACEIS Bank Netherlands branch, a branch of the French bank CACEIS that provides brokerage and custody services to the Fund. CACEIS Bank Netherlands branch is registered with DNB (acting as the host supervisor). CACEIS is supervised by the French AMF;

Custody

the holding of assets for the account of the Fund;

Custody Agreement

an agreement with the Custodian that covers the holding of the book entry rights related to the Financial Instruments of the Fund and related activities;

Cut-off Time

the time (16:00 p.m. Central European Time) at a Valuation Day by which the issuance, redemption and transfer requests with respect to Participations must be received by the Administrator to be accepted for execution on the following Trading Day;

Daily Maturing Investments

Instruments in the MMF which are:
- daily maturing assets; or
- cash which is able to be withdrawn by giving prior notice of one working day;

flatexDEGIRO Bank Dutch Branch

see definition of Custodian;

Deposits

Deposits with a credit institution which is repayable on demand or is able to be withdrawn at any time;

Delegation Agreement OpCo

means the agreement entered into between the Operating Company and the Manager with respect to the execution of the investment policy of a Sub-Fund as set by the Manager;

Depositary

CACEIS Bank S.A. Netherlands Branch, a public limited company with its corporate seat in Amsterdam in accordance with its articles of association. The Depositary is registered with the Chamber of Commerce and Industry in Amsterdam under number 67323944 acting as depositary of the Fund according to article 22 of the Directive;

Depositary Agreement

the agreement between the Manager, the Depositary and the Legal Owner whereby the Depositary has agreed to act as depositary according to article 22 of the Directive of the Fund;

Derived Right

any right created by a Participant, by the Legal Owner or by a third party, referencing to and directly or indirectly derived from a Participation issued by a Sub-Fund;

Directive (UCITS)

means Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 13 July 2009 amending the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) as amended from time to time and as implemented in the Netherlands within the Wft and the Bgfo;

Eligible Investments

any investment authorised under the Directive;

ESG

Environmental, Social and Governance;

EU Taxonomy Regulation

Regulation (EU) 2020/852 entered into force 1 July 2020 and effective from 1 January 2022. The Taxonomy Regulation provides uniform criteria for companies and investors to determine whether an economic activity is “environmentally sustainable”. It is a classification system (known as a “taxonomy”) which will help investors identify what is, or is not, sustainable;

Financial Instruments

the types of financial instruments as described in the definition of a financial instrument in article 1:1 Wft;

Financial Supervisor

the institution to whom the Minister of Finance has delegated several tasks by or pursuant to the Wft, being the Dutch Central Bank (De Nederlandsche Bank, “DNB”) and the Netherlands Authority for Financial Markets ( Autoriteit Financiële Markten, “AFM”). The supervision by AFM primarily relates to conduct of business supervision whereas DNB focuses on prudential supervision. When used in this Prospectus the definition refers to the AFM or DNB as the case may be;

Fund

FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund, an open-ended tax transparent contractual (umbrella) fund for joint account (fonds voor gemene rekening) comprising Sub-Funds, established in accordance with the law of the Netherlands as a UCITS and registered with the AFM on 17 June 2014;
| **GDPR** | Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation); |
| **High Quality Covered Bond** | bonds issued by a credit institution where the requirements set out in point (f) of Article 10(1) or point (c) of Article 11(1) of UCITS are met; |
| **Investments** | all financial assets of the Fund that are acquired by the Manager in the name of and on behalf of the Legal Owner and held by the Legal Owner in its own name for the account and risk of the Participants in relation to the Fund; |
| **Investment Restrictions** | the investment rules on risk exposures and limits as stated in the Directive and incorporated in the Wft applicable to Eligible Investments and concerning eligible markets, liquidity rules, risk spreading and efficient portfolio management; |
| **Key Investor Information Document** | or KIID, (in Dutch: Essentiele Beleggersinformatie or EBI), the information document for UCITS as mentioned in Article 1 BGfo; |
| **Legal Owner** | Stichting Legal Owner FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund, a foundation incorporated under the laws of The Netherlands with its corporate seat (statutaire zetel) in Amsterdam. The Legal Owner is a separate entity that holds legal ownership of the assets of the Fund in accordance with article 4:44 Wft. The assets of the Fund are segregated in accordance with article 4:44 Wft, |
| **Management** | the management of the Fund for the risk and account of the Participants; |
| **Manager** | FundShare Fund Management B.V., a private limited liability company incorporated under the laws of The Netherlands with its corporate seat (statutaire zetel) in Amsterdam, or its legal successor, as well as any entity that is charged with the management of the Fund thereafter. The Manager is the management company of the Fund and the Cash Funds and is entrusted with the management of the Funds and the Cash Funds; |
| **Meeting of Participants** | meeting of Participants of the (Sub-)Fund; |
| **Member State** | a member state of the European Union. The definition comprises countries which are not EU member states but which are part of the European Economic Area; |
| **MMF** | a Cash Fund which qualifies as a “Money Market Fund” in accordance with the MMFR; |
| **Money Market Instruments** | money market instruments which fulfils all of the following requirements: |
| | - it falls within one of the categories of money market instruments referred to in point (a), (b), (c) or (h) of Article 50(1) of Directive 2009/65/EC; |
| | - it displays one of the following alternative characteristics: |
| | o it has a legal maturity at issuance of 397 days or less; |
| | o it has a residual maturity of 397 days or less; |
| **NAV** | the total assets belonging to a Sub-Fund minus the liabilities of that Sub-Fund expressed in the currency as specified in the Supplement relating to such Sub-Fund; |
| **NAV per Participation** | the NAV of a Sub-Fund determined at Valuation Day divided by the issued and outstanding Participations in that Sub-Fund at Valuation Day; |
| **Nominee Bank** | An EU licensed bank acting on a nominee basis as Participant and obtain legal ownership of the Participations on behalf of their own clients (being the holders of Derived Rights), who are invested in one or more Sub-funds. The intermediary bank collects their customers’ holdings of Derived Rights in a common account opened with the Manager, the so called nominee account. The transactions on the nominee account are conducted for the account and risk of holders of the Derived Rights. The intermediary bank, in most cases, acts as custodian for its clients. The Manager has no direct relationship with the holders of Derived Rights; |
| **Operating Company** | an investment firm specified in the relevant Supplement, licensed by the Financial Supervisor, to which the Manager has delegated the execution (uitvoeren) of the investment policy of one or more Sub-Funds; |
| **Participant** | the natural person or legal entity that is registered in the Register of Participants as being entitled to one or more (Classes of) Participations in accordance with the Prospectus; |
Participation the beneficial interest in a Sub-Fund reflecting the *pro rata* share of a Participant in the NAV of a particular Sub-Fund;

Portfolio Value the cumulative value of the financial instruments comprised in the investment portfolio of a Sub-Fund and (ancillary) cash positions;

Product(s) Under the SFDR, a product is defined in another way than in the Wft (FSA). In this Prospectus, a 'product' means a product within the meaning of the SFDR. The (Sub-)Funds of FFM qualify as 'products’ under the SFDR;

Prospectus This document (Base Prospectus), any relevant appendix and the Supplement form together the Fund’s overall Prospectus;

Qualifying Money Market Fund Qualifying Money Market Fund (QMMF) as defined in article 1.4 of COMMISSION DELEGATED DIRECTIVE (EU) 2017/593;

Register of Participants means a register maintained by the Administrator for the registration of the outstanding Participations and Participants;


SPV a foundation established in Amsterdam, and used by flatexDEGIRO Bank Dutch Branch (Custodian) as a safekeeping vehicle *(custodian entity under article 7:17 Nrgfo)*, for holding the Financial Instruments of clients of flatexDEGIRO Bank Dutch Branch segregated from the own assets;

Settlement System a securities settlement system as designated under directive 98/26/EC, including third countries securities settlement systems providing similar services used in connection with transactions in or relating to Financial Instruments and any nominee of the foregoing;

Short-Term MMF an MMF that invests in eligible money market instruments referred to in Article 10(1) MMFR and is subject to the portfolio rules set out in Article 24 MMFR;

Sub-Fund a separate sub-fund of the Fund, established and maintained in respect of Participations to the Fund to which the Investments and liabilities and income and expenditure attributed or allocated to such sub fund will be applied or charged. The Sub-Funds are distinguished mainly by their specific investment policy or any other specific features as described in the relevant Supplement;

Sub-Custodian any party directly (or indirectly through a custody chain) appointed by the Custodian or Depository and where SPV has opened accounts for the purpose of holding and safekeeping of Financial Instruments, excluding a Settlement System;

Supplement a supplement to the Base Prospectus which contains special conditions regarding one or more Sub-Funds or Classes;

Trading Day the Business Day on which Participations may be issued, transferred or redeemed;

UCITS means an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities:

(a) the sole objective of which is the collective investment in either or both: (i) transferable securities; (ii) other liquid financial assets, as referred to in article 50 (1) of the Directive, of capital raised from the public and which operates on the principle of risk spreading;

(b) the shares of which are, at the request of holders, repurchased or redeemed, directly or indirectly, out of the undertaking’s assets;

Valuation Day any Business Day on which the NAV per Sub-Fund and the NAV per Participation will be determined in accordance with the Prospectus;

VNAV MMF a variable net asset value MMF that complies with the specific requirements laid down in Articles 29 and 30 and in Article 33(1) MMFR;

Weekly Maturing Investments - Instruments in the MMF which are:
- weekly maturing assets;
- cash which is able to be withdrawn by giving prior notice of five working days; or
- money market instruments or units or shares of other MMFs up to a limit of 7.5 % of the MMF’s assets provided they are able to be redeemed and settled within five working days.

Weighted Average Life (WAL) ‘weighted average life’ or ‘WAL’ means the average length of time to legal maturity of all of the underlying assets in the Sub-Fund reflecting the relative holdings in each asset;
| **Weighted Average Maturity (WAM)** | ‘weighted average maturity’ or ‘WAM’ means the average length of time to legal maturity or, if shorter, to the next interest rate reset to a money market rate, of all of the underlying assets in the Sub-Fund reflecting the relative holdings in each asset; |
| **Website** | The website of the Fund Manager: [www.fundshare.nl](http://www.fundshare.nl); |
| **Wft** | Dutch Act on Financial Supervision (*Wet op het financieel toezicht*: “*Wft*”) as applicable from time to time or any legislation which may replace it. The Wft regulates Dutch and non-Dutch investment entities and their managers active in The Netherlands in the interest of investors and market integrity. A license under the Wft provides certain safeguards to investors as licenses are only granted if requirements concerning expertise, integrity, capital adequacy, the conduct of business and information provision are met; and |
| **Wwft** | The Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Act (*Wet ter voorkoming van witwassen en financieren van terrorisme*: “*Wwft*”). |

Please note that the definitions given here for a term in singular form also apply to the plural form and vice versa. In the event of a conflict between the wording of the Base Prospectus and of a Supplement, the wording of the Supplement shall prevail.
1 IMPORTANT INFORMATION

1.1 Contractual arrangement, establishment and duration

The Fund is a contractual fund located in Amsterdam, established under the laws of The Netherlands. As such the Fund itself is not a legal or natural person. The Fund was formed on December 23, 2013 for an indefinite period of time. The Fund’s business address is at the office of the Manager. The Fund is governed by this Prospectus, which applies to the Participants, the Manager, the Depositary and the Legal Owner.

1.2 UCITS

The Fund qualifies as an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (“UCITS”). This means inter alia that Participations may be offered within Member States in accordance with the Directive and that its investment policy is subject to certain Investment Restrictions aimed to protect the investors. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Fund is registered for marketing to the public in The Netherlands for all the Sub-Funds.

1.3 Umbrella Fund Structure

The Fund is an open-ended contractual umbrella fund consisting of several Sub-Funds. It offers prospective investors the opportunity to participate in one or more Sub-Funds. Participations issued by the Fund relate to a specific Sub-Fund. Each Sub-Fund is separately administered and represents the aggregate of the assets minus the accrued debts, liabilities and obligations as managed by the Manager, held by the Legal Owner in its own name and capacity in relation to such Sub-Fund and governed by this Prospectus. Each Participation sees to a proportional share in the NAV of the applicable Sub-Fund.

A single portfolio of Investments is maintained per Sub-Fund and is invested in accordance with the investment objectives and investment policy applicable to that Sub-Fund. The investment objective, policy, as well as the risk profile and other specific features of each Sub-Fund are set forth in the respective Supplement. Each Sub-Fund has a separate administration, to ensure, among others, that all proceeds and costs attributable to a Sub-Fund can be accounted for and allocated to that Sub-Fund. An increase or decrease of the value of the portfolio allocated to a Sub-Fund is exclusively for the benefit or expense of the Participants in such Sub-Fund.

The Manager may, at any time, create additional Sub-Funds whose features and investment objectives may differ from those of the existing Sub-Funds. Upon creation of new Sub-Funds or Classes, the Prospectus will be updated and/or supplemented accordingly. The Sub-Funds enable investors to choose between one or more investment objectives by investing in different portfolios of Investments.

The Participations to each Sub-Fund may be classified into Classes. The Manager may in its discretion differentiate between Classes without limitation as to currency of denomination, distribution policy and hedging strategies, fees and expenses, subscription or redemption procedures.

Participations of the different Sub-Funds may be issued and redeemed at prices computed on the basis of the NAV per Participation of the relevant Class within the relevant Sub-Fund, as defined in Prospectus and the relevant Supplement.

1.3.1 Segregated liability and principle of limited recourse

In accordance with article 1:13 and 4:45 Wft, the assets of a Sub-Fund will first be used to satisfy claims arising from the Management and Custody of that Sub-Fund and then from the Participations in that Sub-Fund, before any other claim may be satisfied.

In addition, the Manager requires each service provider or counterparty, that provides services or enters into Investment transactions or positions in relation to a Sub-Fund, to agree that recourse to the Sub-Fund assets will only be possible for claims in relation to that particular Sub-Fund.

Although the portfolio assets are administrated separately, all Investments of the several Sub-Funds are held by the Legal Owner. In order to protect the assets of the one Sub-Fund against losses incurred in another Sub-Fund, the laws of The Netherlands provide for a segregation of liability between the assets of the different Sub-Funds.

1.4 Prospectus, Base Prospectus and Supplements

The Prospectus encompasses the rules (reglement) governing the Fund and its Sub-Funds.

The Prospectus is divided into (i) the Base Prospectus including appendices and (ii) the Supplements. The Base Prospectus contains general rules and information with regard to the Fund and rules and information applicable to all of the Sub-Funds. A Supplement contains specific rules and information with regard to a single Sub-Fund such as its investment objective and policy, the investment techniques, the risk profile and the fees and specific charges related to the Sub-Fund. This Prospectus is only valid if accompanied by the relevant Supplement(s) referring to the asset portfolio(s) of the Sub-Fund(s) in which an investment is to be made. All appendices to the Base Prospectus and the Supplement(s) form an integral part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with this Prospectus. Where there are differences or inconsistencies between the text of the Base Prospectus and a Supplement, the Supplement shall prevail.
In case of any translations of the Prospectus, the Prospectus in English should be regarded at all times as the authoritative text. In the event of any differences of interpretation between the Prospectus in English and a translation of this Prospectus, the English version shall prevail.

No person is authorized to disclose information or to make statements on behalf of the Manager that are not included in this Prospectus. Should this occur however, one may not rely on that the information is disclosed or the statements are made by the Manager. The Prospectus may be updated from time to time. The provision of this Prospectus does not imply that after the date of this Prospectus, all recorded information is still correct. An updated version of the Prospectus and the Supplements shall be available on the Website of the Manager: www.fundshare.nl or at the office of the Manager.

1.4.1 Sub-Fund and Supplements

Each Sub-Fund shall be subject to the Prospectus and the relevant Supplement. The Supplement covers the following subjects in relation to the relevant Sub-Fund:

- Investment Objective;
- Investment Policy and Techniques;
- Investment Restrictions;
- Investment Risks;
- Operating Company;
- Fees and Expenses; and
- Fund Characteristics.

1.4.2 Governing law and jurisdiction

This Prospectus and the relation between the Participants, the Manager, the Depositary and Legal Owner shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Netherlands. All disputes arising out of or relating to this Prospectus (including any dispute concerning the existence and validity thereof) shall be settled by the competent court in Amsterdam.

1.4.3 Supplements

As of the date of this Prospectus, the following Supplements are available:

- EUR Cash Fund
- USD Cash Fund*
- SEK Cash Fund*
- NOK Cash Fund*
- DKK Cash Fund*
- GBP Cash Fund*
- CHF Cash Fund*
- Stroeve Beheerd Beleggen Groei Fund
- Stroeve Beheerd Beleggen Behoud Fund
- Sequoia Familie Aandelen Fonds
- Sequoia Obligatie Fonds
- Sequoia Wereld Aandelen Fonds
- Sequoia Wereld Aandelen Waarde Fonds
- Sequoia Quantum Satis Fund**
- Post Opbouw Inkomens Fonds**
- Slim Vermogensbeheer Balanced Strategy Fund**
- Blauwtulp Global BondSelect Fund*
- Fundamental Value Fund*
- Fondsstad Dynamisch Fonds*
- Beleggers Belangen Dividend Fund

*Sub-Funds in liquidation.

**Sub-Funds not yet active.

1.5 Investor Awareness and Responsibility

Investors should read the complete Prospectus, meaning the Base Prospectus, as well as the relevant Supplement(s) prior to investing in one or more Sub-Funds. In addition, (potential) investors should, among other things, assess the most recent available financial information regarding the Fund prior to deciding whether or not to acquire Participations. The Base Prospectus and every Supplement should be read in conjunction with the most recent (semi) annual report, the contents of which shall be deemed to be part of this Prospectus. The latest published and audited annual accounts of the Fund can be found on the Website and are deemed to be part of this Prospectus and every Supplement. Information on actual returns and historical expenses can be found in these documents.

Potential investors in participations of Sub-Funds are advised that the investment involves financial opportunities as well as financial threats. Investing in the Fund entails risks. The value of the Participations may fluctuate depending on the investment policy or due to fluctuations in the value of the Investments. Past performance is no guarantee for the future.

Investing in a Sub-Fund is only suitable for investors:
• who have experience with and/or knowledge of investing in equity shares and fixed income (debt) instruments;
• who are willing and able to bear the risk of a (substantial) decline in value of their investment in the Sub-Fund;
• for whom the interest in the (Sub-)Fund only represents a part of their total investments; and
• who are not dependent on the income from said investment.

Investors are advised to seek investment, legal and tax advice prior to acquiring Participations.

1.5.1 Key Investor Information Document

For this financial product a Key Investor Information Document ("KIID") containing general information on the Sub-Funds, their fees and expenses and the risks involved is available. The information in the KIID, including the risk indicator, is subject to yearly review and updated when necessary. Before investing in Participations of any of the Sub-Funds please ask for this document or download it from the Website: www.fundshare.nl and read it carefully.

1.5.2 Means of Communication

The Website: www.fundshare.nl is the primary means of communication for information on the Fund. All current information can be found there and is available for downloading.

1.6 Marketing and selling restrictions

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy Participations in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The Manager is licensed and subject to financial supervision in The Netherlands. The Fund is a UCITS as defined in the Directive for the purposes of marketing in the European Union. Currently, the Fund is registered for marketing to the public in The Netherlands for all the Sub-Funds.

1.6.1 Information for investors relating to the United States of America

The Participations will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), nor will the Manager be registered under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The Participations may not be offered, sold or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States of America, its territories or possessions, any state of the United States of America and the District of Columbia, unless this is carried out in accordance with Regulation S of the Securities Act or due to an exemption from the registration requirements contained in the Securities Act. Except for certain limited exceptions, the Manager will not accept registrations from persons resident in the United States of America or acting for the account or benefit of any person in the United States of America ("US Person").

The Participations of the Sub-Funds issued by the Fund are not registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 in the United States of America (USA) and may not therefore be offered for sale in the USA or offered or sold to US Persons. US persons are deemed to be individuals, for example, who

• were born in the USA or in US sovereign territory,
• are naturalised American citizens (or Green Card holders),
• were born outside the USA as a child of a US citizen,
• without being a US citizen, have their main place of residence in the USA,
• are married to a US citizen, or
• are liable to pay tax in the USA.

The definition of 'US Person' also covers:

• companies and limited companies established under the laws of one of the 50 US states or the District of Columbia,
• companies and partnerships established under an Act of Congress,
• pension funds established as US trusts, and
• companies that are liable to pay tax in the USA.

1.6.2 Responsibility to observe restrictions

Any person obtaining possession of a copy of this Prospectus is advised to take note of such limitations and act accordingly. The Fund, the Manager, the Depositary and the Legal Owner do not accept responsibility for non-compliance with any such limitation by any person whomsoever, whether it concerns a potential buyer of Participations or not.
2 PARTICIPANTS

2.1 General

The Sub-Funds’ capital received from the Participants shall be used for investing in accordance with the Prospectus and the relevant Supplement. The Participants’ participation in the Sub-Fund is subject to the Prospectus.

2.2 Rights of Participants to the Fund Assets

Each Participant is an economic beneficiary and as such entitled to the value of the assets of the Sub-Fund in proportion to the number of Participations held by him. The Participations represent the entitlement to the Sub-Fund that is managed by the Manager in accordance with the policies set out in this Prospectus. The Participations are registered on name. No evidence of participation in any form will be issued.

2.3 Equal treatment of Participants

The Fund will treat Participants in similar cases in a similar way.

2.4 Fair Treatment Participants

Whenever the Manager makes a decision concerning the Fund, it will consider whether any consequences of this decision are unfair to the Participants, taken into account the Prospectus and the reasonable expectation of the Participants based on the Prospectus and pursuant to applicable laws and regulations.

2.5 Liability of Participants

Acquisition of Participations only creates rights and obligations for the Participant with respect to the Fund and not towards other Participants. Participants are not liable for the obligations of the Manager, Legal Owner or Depositary. Participants are also not liable for any losses of the Fund to the extent that these go beyond the level of their paid up or yet to be paid contribution for their Participation.

2.6 Register of Participants

This Register of Participants typically takes the form of a record book that lists the owners of Participations per Sub-Fund as issued by the Fund.

The Register of Participants records the following:

- names and addresses of all Participants per Sub-Fund, with the amount of the Participations held by each Participant;
- client identification documents; and
- Custodian account number.

The Register also records transaction details (dates, Participants involved etc.) in relation to:

- the issue of Participations to Participants;
- the transfer of Participations by or to Participants; and
- the repurchase or redemption of Participations from Participants.
3 MANAGER

3.1 License Financial Supervisors and withdrawal of license

The Manager of the Fund is operating under the licenses as described in article 2:65 (alternative investment funds - AIFMD) and 2:69b (undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities - UCITS) Wft and in that respect is authorized by the Financial Supervisor to act as an investment fund manager for these types of funds. The Financial Supervisors have licensed the Manager on 3 November 2006 on the grounds of article 2:67 Wft and on 17 June 2014 on grounds of article 2:69c. On April 4, 2019 the Financial Supervisor has authorised expansion of the licence under article 2.69b which authorises the Manager to manage MMFR regulated funds. Copies of the licenses will be made available to the Participants for a maximum charge of the costs involved and are available for inspection on the Website. In the event of the license being revoked pursuant to article 2:69 Wft, Participants will be notified at their e-mail address.

The Manager manages the following Funds:

- FundShare Umbrella Fund (AIF);
- FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (UCTS); and
- InDelta (UCTS).

3.2 Duties and powers of the Manager

The duties and powers of the Manager, managerial functions shall include:

- Investment Management: the setting and execution* of the investment policy. The Manager shall make the decisions on the investment activities;
- Risk Management: entails the portfolio risk management and daily monitoring of compliance with the Investment Restrictions (risk limits);
- Administration of Participations: maintenance of the Register of Participants per Sub-Fund and executing and processing subscription and redemption orders;
- Administration of net assets: ensuring proper and accurate valuation of the assets of each Sub-Fund and accurate and timely determination of the NAV (per Participation) of each Sub-Fund and the keeping of the books of the Fund and the Sub-Funds; and
- In conducting its management activities the Managers shall safeguard and act in the best interests of the Sub-Funds or the Participants of the Sub-Funds and the integrity of the market.

*The Manager may decide to delegate (outsourse), the execution of the investment policy and making the investment decisions on the portfolio investments of a Sub-Fund to a professional and properly licensed third party: the Operating Company.

3.3 Board and Directors of the Manager

The following persons – who are also the directors of the Manager and as such members of the managing board – qualify as persons that co-determine the daily policy of the Manager in accordance with 4:39 Wft:

- A. Rose, residing in Hilversum, as Chief Executive Officer (CEO) responsible for Business Development, Human Resources, Legal and Audit. He is also responsible for managing the relation with the operating companies.
- M.S. Huisman, residing in Baarn, as Chief Financial Officer (CFO) responsible for Risk Management, Compliance and Finance & Control. He is also responsible for managing the relation with the Depositary.
- J.J. Surie, residing in Edam, as Chief Investment Officer (CIO) responsible for Portfolio Management, IT and Fund Administration. He is also responsible for managing the relation with the Custodian.

3.4 Equity

For capital adequacy purposes the common equity capital of the Manager should be at least the higher of:

- EUR 125,000 with a premium of 0.02% of the excess of assets under management exceeding EUR 250 million, up to a maximum of EUR 10 million (article 63 BPR); or
- 25% of the fixed costs of the preceding financial year (CRR 97).

3.5 Financial Year and Annual Accounts

The financial year of the Manager coincides with the calendar year. Within four months after every financial year, the Manager prepares the annual accounts. The annual accounts are available in English on the Website of the Manager www.fundshare.nl.
3.6 Articles of association of the Manager

The Manager’s articles of association are available for inspection at the office of the Manager; a copy is always available on the Website of the Manager www.fundshare.nl.

3.7 Complaints procedure

3.7.1 Complaints handling

In the event of complaints about the Fund, the Manager, the Operating Company or the Depositary, these can be submitted through a registered letter to the Manager’s address: Duivendrechtsekade 82, 1096 AJ Amsterdam to the attention of the Compliance Officer or via e-mail to the attention of the Compliance Officer via the e-mail address: contact@fundshare.nl.

3.7.2 The Financial Services Complaints Board

If the Participant is a consumer and in the opinion of the Participant the dispute has not been satisfactorily solved by the Compliance Officer, the Participant can present the dispute for mediation to the Klachteninstituut Financiële Dienstverlening (Kifid). The Manager is a member of Kifid with registration number 400.000.378.

Complaints can be directed to:
PO Box 93257
2509 AG THE HAGUE

or can be filed online through the website of Kifid.

Website: https://www.kifid.nl/
Telephone: +31 (0)70-333 8 999

3.8 Administrator

The Administrator has been merged with the Manager on 10 December 2021. The Administrator was since 5 January 2021 a 100% subsidiary of the Manager. The Administrator provides certain financial, accounting, administrative and registrar services to the Fund.

The tasks of the Administrator include:

3.8.1 Fund accounting services

- computation of fees and accruals;
- trades, positions and cash reconciliations;
- capital account maintenance;
- independent and timely calculation of the NAV per Participation;
- financial reporting in accordance with Dutch GAAP requirements; and
- maintenance of full multi-currency accounting records.

3.8.2 Fund administration services

- maintain official books and records;
- process trade-related transactions and corporate actions; and
- process subscriptions, redemptions, transfers and switches.

3.8.3 Investor services

- maintenance of all investor records (Register of Participants);
- reporting and communication services including preparation of notices, contract notes, NAVs per Participation and holdings statements; and
- performance of anti-money laundering/investor identification checks based on Wwft requirements.

3.9 Operating Company

The Manager can delegate the execution of the investment policy per Sub-Fund as determined by the Manager to the Operating Company. Information on whether the execution of the investment policy (uitvoeren beleggingsbeleid) is delegated to an Operating Company may be found in the relevant Supplement. The Operating Company shall act solely in the interest of the Participants and in accordance with the Prospectus.

The execution of the investment policy may only be delegated to an entity licensed as investment firm. The Operating Company based on the Delegation Agreement Opco is entitled to a portion of the Management Fee as set out in the relevant Supplement. The Manager shall in all cases remain responsible for proper supervision and monitoring of the execution of the delegated tasks.
If the execution of the investment policy is not delegated to an independent third party, the Manager shall itself execute the investment policy.

3.10 Liability towards participants

The Manager acts for the expense and risk of the Fund and shall not be liable for losses which are the consequence of the reduction in value of investments and drop in prices or any other cause whatsoever.

The Manager shall be liable for damages to the extent such damages are the direct result of gross negligence (grove schuld), fraud or willful misconduct (opzet) of the Manager. The same applies if the Manager has delegated or entrusted a third party with any of its tasks or duties.

The Manager holds:

- sufficient own funds above the required level (see 3.4);
- professional liability insurance policy (providing coverage EUR 5,000,000 per claim and per policy period) covering the Manager as an insured entity.

Both measures are deemed appropriate to cover potential liability risks arising from professional negligence.
4 DEPOSITARY

4.1 General

The Depositary, CACEIS Bank S.A., Netherlands Branch, has its registered office in Amsterdam in accordance with its articles of association. The Depositary is registered with the Chamber of Commerce and Industry in Amsterdam under number 67323944. The Depositary is part of Crédit Agricole S.A, an European leader in asset servicing.

4.2 Board

The following persons determine the daily policy of the Depositary in accordance with article 4:9 Wft:
- Mr. S.A.J. van Katwijk;
- Mr. M.R. Stoffels; and
- Mr. C.P.P. Pierron

The day-to-day management of the tasks and duties of the Depositary is executed by Mr. S.F. Plesman. The directors do not engage in any activities related to the portfolio and risk management of the Manager.

4.3 Depositary functions and duties

The Depositary acts as the depositary for the Fund under the Wft, based on a written contract with the Manager appointing the Depositary as the Fund’s depositary. The Depositary is responsible for certain functions and duties with respect to the following areas:

- **Asset reconciliations**: reconciliations are being conducted on a regular basis between the Depositary’s internal accounts and records and those of any third party to whom custody functions are delegated.
- **Cash flow monitoring**: monitoring the Fund’s cash-flows, all accounts (Financial Instruments and cash) are opened under the name of the Legal Owner regarding the Fund or Sub-Fund;
- **Custody**: ensuring that the Fund’s Financial Instruments that fall under the Directive article 22, (5) sub (a) (“Custody Assets”), are held in custody appropriately;
- **Income**: the Depositary ensures that a Fund’s income is applied in accordance with applicable national law (Wft) and this Prospectus;
- **Investment Policy Supervision**: supervise the execution of the investment policy as set by and executed (implemented) by the Manager, if applicable, in accordance with the relevant stipulations in the Prospectus on a post trade basis;
- **Investor Subscriptions and Transactions**: overseeing the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of Participations of the Fund, meaning that the correct number of Participations are issued to the Participants upon entry, and that Participants that redeem their Participations receive the proper redemption amount;
- **Managers instructions**: the Depositary carries out the Manager’s instructions, unless they conflict with applicable national law (Wft) and this Prospectus;
- **Ownership Verification**: verifying the acquisition of the other assets of the Fund that fall under the Directive article 22, (5) sub (b) (“Other Assets”) and the correct registration of these Other Assets;
- **Remittance**: the Depositary ensures that in transactions involving the Fund’s assets any consideration is remitted to the Fund within the usual time limits;
- **Standard of behaviour**: The Depositary shall act independently, honestly, fairly and professionally and in the interest of the Fund and its Participants; and
- **Valuation**: The Depositary ensures that the Fund’s Participations are valued in accordance with applicable national law (Wft) and this Prospectus. The Depositary verifies on an ongoing basis that appropriate and consistent procedures are established and applied for the valuation of the assets of the Fund and that the valuation policies and procedures are effectively implemented and periodically reviewed.

To perform its functions and duties the Depositary may rely on the accuracy of figures and information provided by the Manager.

4.4 Depositary Agreement

The Manager and the Depositary have signed a Depositary Agreement, which stipulate the manner in which the Manager should enable the Depositary to exercise its Depositary tasks properly. The Depositary Agreement between the Manager and the Depositary is agreed upon for three years. Both the Manager and the Depositary may terminate the agreement in writing with due observance of a notice period as agreed in Depositary Agreement.
The Depositary Agreement is in English and a copy of written agreement between the Depositary and the Manager is available to the Participants for a maximum charge of the costs involved.

4.5 Liability

As required under the Directive, the Depositary is liable towards the Fund and the Participants:

- for losses suffered by the Participants as a result of the definitive loss of Financial Instruments that can be taken into custody as referred to in Article 22a Directive (“Custody Assets”), (unless the Depositary can prove that the loss is the result of an external event over which the Depositary reasonably has no control and of which the consequences have been unavoidable despite all efforts to prevent them); and
- for losses suffered by the Participants as a result of failure to properly fulfill its obligations as a result of intentional or negligent failure.

In case the Depositary is liable for the loss of Custody Assets, it will at its own costs replace the lost Custody Assets with (equivalent) Custody Assets or compensate the Fund by paying the value of the lost Custody Assets.

4.5.1 Liability Depositary for not properly fulfilling its tasks

In the event of non-performance by the Depositary of his other Depositary tasks, including tasks related to Non-Custody Assets, the Depositary is not liable to the Fund (on behalf of the Participants) and the Manager for the damage suffered by them, unless in case of intentional or negligent failure by the Depositary.

4.5.2 Direct claims by the Participants to the Depositary after loss of Custody Assets

Where it has been agreed that the Participants have a direct claim on the Depositary in the case of liability of the Depositary the following applies:

- the relevant Participants will submit their claim to the Manager;
- the Manager will then seek reimbursement from the Depositary for the damage suffered, if necessary, take legal action;
- if the Manager, for whatever reason, does not take the requested measures against the Depositary (or does not carry them out adequately or expeditiously enough), the Participants shall be entitled to take such measures themselves.

4.5.3 Limited Recourse

In case of liability of the Depositary in relation to the Fund, the Manager, the Legal Owner and the Participants of the Fund have limited recourse against the Depositary. They only have recourse to the own funds of the Depositary.

4.6 Legal ownership of assets

Stichting Legal Owner FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund will be the legal owner of the Fund (Legal Owner), as allowed under article Wft 4:44. The Legal Owner will acquire, hold and dispose of the assets of the Fund. To this end the Legal Owner shall keep the assets of the Fund in accounts on its own name.

A Participation gives the Participant a contractual claim against the Legal Owner for payment of an amount equal to the NAV of a pro rata share in the Sub-Fund subject to the Prospectus. As such, Participants have no proprietary rights with respect to the assets of the Sub-Fund but an economic (beneficial) interest in the assets and liabilities of the Sub-Fund.

The Legal Owner may not acquire any assets or assume any obligations for its own account other than in relation to the Fund. Obligations that are or become part of the Sub-Fund are or will be entered in the name of the Legal Owner whereby it is explicitly stated that the Legal Owner is acting in its capacity.

The Legal Owner holds the assets of the Sub-Funds, in its own name and capacity, on accounts in its name at the Custodian. The Manager will duly select and monitor each party where the Legal Owner holds or will hold assets of the Sub-Fund.

4.7 Custody

4.7.1 Custodian

The Legal Owner holds the investments of the Sub-Funds in its own name in an account with the Custodian under a Client Agreement with the Custodian. The Custodian is an affiliate of the Manager.

4.7.2 Segregation of client assets

The Custodian does not hold the Sub-Funds’ assets itself. The investments (financial instruments) of the Sub-Fund are held by SPV. For the custody of the assets, the Custodian uses SPV to protect the rights of its clients though effectively segregating their assets from its own assets. Protective measures are necessary to avoid a situation in which assets held for the account of clients, would be
deemed part of the assets of the Custodian in the event of the bankruptcy of the Custodian. SPV holds the assets in its own name in (omnibus) accounts at Sub-Custodians.

4.7.3 Sub-custody of Financial Instruments

The Custodian holds the financial instruments of the Sub-Funds with Sub-Custodians. The Sub-Custodians are regulated financial institutions, with whom the Custodian has opened accounts through its SPV. The Custodian performs a due diligence to check if the Sub-Custodians have implemented effective segregation of client assets to avoid commingling with its own assets. The Sub-Custodians may hold the assets with other entities along the custody chain.

4.8 Other

Upon request, if applicable, investors will be provided updated information on:

- the name of the Depositary that holds the assets of the Fund in custody and a description of its tasks and any conflicts of interest.
5 AVOIDANCE AND DISCLOSURE CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

5.1 Ethical, sound and controlled business operations

The Manager is bound by the relevant laws and regulations to ensure ethical, sound and controlled conduct of business operations and proper provision of its services (within the meaning of Article 4:11, 4:14 and 4:25 of the Wh).

5.2 Measures to avoid conflicts of interest

The Manager, the Depositary and the Custodian might face a conflict of interest with the Fund when performing their duties. In order to avoid conflicts of interest, they have implemented effective organizational and administrative measures, appropriate to their size and organization and to the nature, scale and complexity of its business. Such measures include:

• Independent compliance function;
• Independent risk management function;
• Chinese walls (segregation of information and activity areas);
• Functional and hierarchical segregation of duties and dual controls (portfolio management versus risk management and Administrator);
• Remuneration policy, no direct links between remuneration of identified staff and potentially conflicting other activities;
• Order execution policy;
• Conflicts of interest policy; and
• Code of Conduct. The Code of Conduct includes rules on personal transaction aimed to prevent conducts which may result in market abuse (front running, insider trading prohibition). The Manager or its employees may receive or provide non-monetary benefit from and to third parties as long as it does not represent a conflict of interest and it is bounded by the Code of Conduct of the Manager. More information is available upon request of a Participant to the Manager.

5.3 Disclosure of conflicts of interest

When the organisational measures and administrative arrangements put in place in order to avoid and/or manage conflicts of interest are not sufficient to ensure, with reasonable confidence, that any risk of damage to the interest of the Fund or of the Participants will be prevented, the daily policy makers of the Manager will be informed of such conflict of interest in order for them to take the necessary decisions in order to ensure that the best interest of the Fund and its Participants is pursued. The Manager will disclose such situation to the Participants in a durable medium together with the reasons of the any decision taken. By acquiring Participations, each Participant will be deemed to have acknowledged the existence of such potential conflicts of interest and to have waived any claim with respect to any liability arising from the existence of any such conflict.

5.3.1 Potential conflict of interest disclosure

The Administrator, which is part of the Manager, can lead to a potential conflict of interest. Various mitigating measures have been taken to manage the potential conflict of interest:

• The duties of the portfolio management department of the Manager and the Administrator are formally separated. The daily checking and approval of the net asset value (NAV) takes place hierarchically and functionally separate from this; and
• The Manager keeps a register of information about activities carried out by or on behalf of the Manager where a conflict of interest has been or may arise.

5.4 Remuneration Policy

5.4.1 Summary of the Remuneration Policy

The remuneration policy of the Manager has been adopted by its management board. The remuneration policy aims to promote a sound and effective risk management, to discourage the taking of more risks, including sustainability risks, than it is acceptable considered the risk profile of the Funds managed, their rules or instruments of incorporation and to maintain a sound capital base.

The remuneration Policy is in line with the business strategy, objectives, values, ESG policy and long-term interests of the Manager and it is designed to avoid conflict of interests. The remuneration includes a fixed base component, a variable remuneration and pension benefits. The fixed and variable components of the remuneration are distributed in a balanced way. The remuneration policy is flexible and aims to safeguard a sound capital base, while providing sufficient reward to key personnel.

The fixed component of the remuneration reflects the relevant work experience and organizational responsibility of the relevant employee. The variable component is designed to reflect both financial and non-financial criteria. The variable component of the

1 Both the Administrator and the portfolio management department report to the CIO, as a consequence they are not hierarchically separated
remuneration is calculated based on a combination of the assessment of the performance of the individual, the performance of the relevant business unit and/or Fund concerned, the overall results of the Fund and the performance of the Manager.

5.4.2 Availability Description Remuneration Policy

A summary of the latest remuneration policy is available on the Website (www.fundshare.nl). A paper copy will be made available free of charge upon request.
6 INVESTMENT POLICY

The Sub-Funds’ investment policy as determined by the Manager is set out further in the relevant Supplement. In case, the Manager has delegated the execution of the investment policy to an Operating Company, the Operating Company will execute the investment policy as set by the Manager.

6.1 Grey Product (sustainability disclosure)

All the Sub-Funds qualify as a ‘grey’ Product from the perspective of the SFDR (article 6). Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments for these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

6.1.1 Sustainability goals

The underlying investments of all Sub-Funds do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

6.1.2 No Consideration of Sustainability Adverse Impacts

The Manager does not consider the adverse impacts (PAI’s) of its investment decisions on sustainability factors, the reason for this is that the required ESG information is relatively expensive and will adversely impact the returns of our Sub-Funds to a greater extent than the anticipated benefits of considering sustainability adverse impacts.

6.2 Investment Objective

The investment objective of Sub-Fund is specified in the relevant Supplement to this Prospectus.

6.3 Investment Strategy and Techniques

The proposed use of techniques and instruments will be disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

Within the scope of the investment policy as stated in the relevant Supplement, transactions can be entered into with parties related to the Manager. Transactions conducted with affiliated (related) parties will take place under market-compliant conditions.

6.4 Assets and Markets

The Sub-Funds invest mostly in freely tradable liquid (listed) investments through via a brokerage account at the Custodian and are therefore not exposed to any significant liquidity risk. The Sub-Funds are able to liquidate their interests responsibly and without significant price effects, in a short time frame. The Manager periodically checks whether the financial instruments included in the portfolio still meet the criterion and, take appropriate measures if necessary. Sub-Funds may also invest in participations of open-ended collective investment schemes (including participations in UCITS and AIF) as well as in unlisted investments.

Transactions may be undertaken on regulated market and exchanges worldwide (via (prime) broker(s)) as well as on multilateral trading facilities (MTF) and over the counter (OTC).

6.5 Investment Restrictions

Each Sub-Fund is subject to the restrictions on investments (risk spreading rules) applicable pursuant to the Directive. In The Netherlands, these are set out in articles 130 to 143 BGfo.

The Manager has incorporated the qualitative and quantitative Investment Restrictions and other restrictions in its automated trading system in order to control the risks of the investment portfolios of the Sub-Funds. The Investment Restrictions applicable to each Sub-Fund are set out in the relevant Supplement. Investments that could potentially lead to a negative Sub-Fund value (NAV) are not allowed in any case.

The following Investment Restrictions apply to all Sub-Funds:

- Sub-Funds are subject to Investment Restrictions in accordance with article 130 to 143 BGfo;
- Sub-Funds are allowed to invest directly or indirectly in other UCITS or alternative investment funds (AIF) if authorized through their respective Supplement. In this case, investments in one UCITS or AIF should be less than 20 % of the Portfolio Value of the Sub-Fund, unless it is specified differently in the respective Supplement; and
- Sub-Funds shall not undertake investments could potentially lead to a negative Sub-Fund value.
The Manager has the power to depart from the investment policy and its inherent Investment Restrictions, having due regard to Participants’ interests, provided that such departure is due to an event outside the Manager’s control. Such a situation might arise for example due to a merger or acquisition of a company in which the Sub-Fund has invested, or might result resulting from a substantial change in the composition of a comparable product or index. With respect to actual or foreseeable breaches of the Investment Restrictions prompt and appropriate actions will be taken by the Manager.

6.6 Collateral and asset reuse arrangement

The Sub-Funds are not allowed to lend out their securities. They have separate ‘custody’ accounts at the Custodian, which can’t be used for securities lending.

6.7 Selection of (Prime) Brokers / Custodians

For selection of a (prime) broker/custodian, the following criteria are used: the party should be a licensed financial institution authorized to provide investment services from an European Union member state. It should be able to fulfil the requirements set out in the Directive and in the related legislation. No minimum credit rating is required.

6.8 Changes to the investment policy and/or investment restrictions

As stated in section 15.1 Changes to the Prospectus the Manager may make changes to the investment policy and/or the Investment Restrictions of a Sub-Fund. In that case, the Manager shall notify the Depositary and the Participants in the Sub-Fund. Any material changes decided upon cannot become effective until one month after the notification of such decision. During this one-month period Participants may redeem their Participations under the usual conditions.

7 CREDIT ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE

In its role as Manager of multiple Cash Funds, the Manager has developed the Credit Assessment Procedure (“CAP”). The CAP aims to establish an adequate assessment procedure and methodology in order to assess, when applicable, the credit quality of the investments of a Sub-Fund without over-relying on credit ratings issued by external registered credit rating agencies.

In maintaining this CAP, the Manager aims to uphold a procedure that is based on prudent, systematic and continuous assessment methodologies.

7.1 Scope

This CAP will be applied solely for Cash Funds which Supplements explicitly mentions the use of the procedure. For those Cash Funds, this CAP shall be applied in a systematic way with respect to different issuers and instruments listed below prior to and during any investment. The instruments referred in this CAP solely comprise of Money Market Instruments.

7.2 Execution of the procedure

A credit quality assessment (“CQA”) is performed at three different levels, as listed below:

- Instrument (for each issue/contract);
- Issuer; and
- Sector.

This procedure is to be systematically followed prior to and during any investment of instruments mentioned in 7.1 as defined below. Each CQA is documented and stored for at least three years by the Manager.

7.3 Prior to investment

For each Sub-Fund, which falls under the scope defined in 7.1., an investment is allowed to be carried out only if the CQA gives an Internal Credit Rating which is equal or higher to the limit set out in the supplement.

The Manager will assess the credit quality for the specific product following the methodologies developed according to paragraph 7.6.

7.3.1 Issuer and Sector CQA

In order to establish the instrument’s CQA, the Manager also assesses the credit quality of the issuer/guarantor and the sector relative to the instrument. Such CQA will establish a Credit Quality Score which will be included in the instrument’s CQA.

If a CQA on the same issue/contract, issuer, guarantor or sector has been established within the last ten working days. The Manager can make use of this CQA Internal Credit Rating and Credit Quality Score.
7.4 Override

The Manager may override the output of an internal credit quality assessment methodology only in exceptional circumstances, including stressed market conditions, and where there is an objective reason for doing so.

7.5 Controls and On-Going assessments

7.5.1 Annual Review

At least annually, or more frequently if specified during the latest CQA, a new CQA on the instrument/issuer/sector should be established.

An annual review of the credit assessment methodologies, defined in paragraph 7.6, is taking place in order to ensure that they remain appropriate for the current portfolio and external conditions, and remains a suitable indicator of credit quality.

7.5.2 Material Changes in criteria

The material change of specific information processed in a CQA triggers the Manager to establish a new CQA for the instrument/issuer/sector of which the criteria has changed. Such information and their materiality level are defined in the credit assessment methodologies. The Manager monitors such changes on a periodical basis in order to identify such triggers.

7.5.3 CAP Monitoring

The Manager ensure that the procedure are followed as described in the CAP by monitoring the processes on a regular basis.

7.6 Methodology framework

As defined in 7.2, the Manager establishes a credit quality assessment per instrument (issue/contract) and, inherently, per issuer and sector. Such assessment is based on a methodology determined by the Manager.

Each methodology is applicable for a specific asset class (as for the issuer/sector, the methodology depends on the asset class of the instrument). If a CQA is requested for an instrument belonging to an asset class for which a methodology has not yet been established, such methodology should be created and validated as described in 7.7. Once a methodology is validated, it will be used continuously and systematically for the CQA corresponding to the asset class for which the methodology has been defined.

7.7 Methodology Validation

The Manager validates new methodologies based on defined criteria and approves any new methodology before it is being used. If the validation fails, the methodology shall be improved in order to be sent again for approval.

7.8 Sensitivity assessment

For each methodology the sensitivity of the Instrument score towards each criterion is evaluated (theoretically and through the back-test defined in 7.9). If a sensitivity is considered material, the methodology cannot be validated.

7.9 Back-testing

A new methodology is back-tested through a specific procedure. Any anomalies or deficiencies highlighted shall be identified and resolved before the methodology can be validated.

7.10 Amendment

A methodology can be amended following findings from the controls and monitoring described in 7.5, specifically the methodology should be amended if such findings reveal that the methodology is not appropriate to ensure systematic CQA. Such amendment can be promptly incorporated by the Manager. An amendment initiated by any other means will follow the validation and approval as specified in 7.7.

In case an amendment is made on a methodology, all the CQAs performed under this methodology should be reviewed and performed again. If proven not material, an amendment of methodology will solely require a review of the corresponding CQAs.

7.11 Input data

The Manager ensures that the data used as an input of the credit assessment methodology is of sufficient quality, up-to-date and from reliable sources.

The Manager has established a list of criteria in order to select the official credit rating agencies which are, inter alia, used as input for the methodologies.
7.12 Internal Credit Rating and Credit Quality Score

Each of the methodology defines different qualitative and quantitative assessment criteria which are considered relevant to assess the credit quality. Each methodology should be supported by a sufficient number of relevant qualitative and quantitative criteria.

A scoring system is established per criterion based on predefined input data; the output being a Credit Quality Score. The methodology may also define conditions under which the data is not sufficient to provide confidence over the Credit Quality Score derived for this criterion.

Each criterion is weighted in order to represent its impact and importance over the whole credit quality. The final overall Credit Assessment Score is the weighted average of the criteria individual Credit Assessment Scores. An Internal Credit Rating is then attributed according to a mapping from the resulting overall Credit quality score.
8 RISK FACTORS

Potential investors in Participations are advised that the investment involves financial opportunities as well as financial threats. Investing in a Sub-Fund entails risks. The value of the Participations may fluctuate depending on the investment policy or due to fluctuations in the value of the investments. Past performance is no guarantee for the future. Investors in the Sub-Funds may suffer significant losses and even lose their entire investment. Consequently, the Sub-Funds are only suited for investors who can accept such level of risk. Interested investors are therefore advised to inform themselves of the risks set out below.

The list below is ordered by the estimated level of importance of each risk for the Sub-Funds and is not exhaustive; other risks than the ones identified therein may arise and unidentified risks may have a greater impact on achieving positive returns than the risks that are identified.

If additional or specific risks exist for a Sub-Fund or their level of importance changes, these risks will be stated in the Supplement applicable to this Sub-Fund.

It is recommended to interested investors to read this Prospectus carefully and to consult advisors. Note that the value of the securities may fall as well as rise. An investment in the Fund should therefore be regarded as long-term and should form part of a diversified investment portfolio. Interested investors must have the financial ability and willingness to accept the risks inherent to the Fund.

8.1 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that movements in market factors - such as foreign exchange rates (currency risk), interest rates (interest rate risk), and other price risk (equity price risk) – that will cause the fair value of financial instruments to fluctuate and reduce the Sub-Fund’s income or the value of its portfolios.

8.1.1 Interest Rate Risk

The value of any interest-bearing financial instruments held by a Sub-Fund will rise or fall inversely with changes in interest rates. Interest rates typically vary from one country to another, and may change for a number of reasons. Those reasons include rapid expansions or contractions of a country’s money supply, changes in demand by business and consumers to borrow money and actual or anticipated changes in the rate of inflation. In general, if interest rates increase, one may expect that the market value of a fixed income instrument which pays interest payments would fall, whereas if interest rates decrease, one may expect that the market value of such investment would increase.

8.1.2 Currency Risk

The Sub-Funds are subject to currency rate (foreign exchange rate) risk on securities held for trading and on cash and cash equivalents that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency. For this reason, changes in currency exchange rates can affect the value of the Sub-Fund’s portfolio.

8.1.3 Other Price Risk

Price risk which is neither interest rate risk, nor exchange rate risk, such as equity price risk arising from held-for-trading equity investments. The risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or by factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

8.2 Credit Risk

Credit risk arises as both issuer credit risk and counterparty credit risk.

8.2.1 Issuer Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the uncertainty surrounding the ultimate repayment of principal and interest or other debt instrument investments by the issuers of such securities. Although Sub-Funds may invest in high quality credit instruments, there can be no assurance that the institutions or securities in which a Sub-Fund invests will not be subject to credit difficulties leading to the loss of some or all of the sums invested in such institutions, securities or other instruments. An investment in bonds or other debt securities involves counterparty risk of the issuer of such bonds or debt securities which may be evidenced by the issuer’s credit rating or Credit Quality Score. An investment in bond or other debt securities issued by issuers with a lower credit rating are generally considered to have a higher credit risk and a greater possibility of default than that of more highly rated issuers. In the event that any issuer of bonds or other debt securities experiences financial or economic difficulties this may affect the value of the bonds or other debt securities (which may be zero) and any amounts paid on such bonds or other debt securities (which may be zero). In case of default, for example, the issuer may not be able to meet its obligations to repay the nominal amount and interest. This may in turn affect the NAV of a Sub-Fund.

8.2.2 Counterparty Credit Risk

In entering into over-the-counter (OTC) fixed income securities transactions which involve counterparties there is a risk that a counterparty will wholly or partially fail to honor its contractual obligations. The Fund could experience delays in liquidating the
position and significant losses, including declines in the value of the investment during the period in which the counterparty is not able to meet its obligations. Losses of financial instruments may be sustained by the Fund as a result of negligence, fraudulent behavior and/or the liquidation, bankruptcy or insolvency of a counterparty.

8.3 Portfolio Concentration Risk

Although the strategy of certain Sub-Funds (investing in a limited number of equity or debt securities/issuers) has the potential to generate attractive returns over time, it may increase the volatility of such Sub-Fund’s investment performance as compared to funds that invest in a larger number of securities. If the securities in which such portfolios invest perform poorly, the Sub-Fund could incur greater losses than if it had invested in a larger number of securities.

8.4 Operational Risk

Operational risk may be incurred across business activities and support control functions (e.g. information technology and trade processing). The business is highly dependent on its ability to execute, on a daily basis, a large number of orders in different financial instruments across numerous global markets and to reconcile call-backed orders by the exchange against street side broker positions to ensure integrity, completeness and accuracy of the trading database. The human failure can occur in all processes where humans are involved. Settlement processes are performed by employees. Entering transactions and reconciling positions are done manually. Operational risk can also manifest due to non-ethical behaviour like fraud, market abusing trades or market manipulation.

8.5 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk means the risk that a position in the portfolio cannot be sold, liquidated or closed at limited cost in an adequately short time frame. In some circumstances, investments may be relatively illiquid making it difficult to acquire or dispose of them at the prices quoted on the various exchanges. Accordingly, the Sub-Fund’s ability to respond to market movements may be impaired and the Sub-Fund may experience adverse price movements upon liquidation of its investments. If trading on an exchange is suspended, the Sub-Fund may not be able to execute trades or sell positions at prices that the Fund believes are desirable. This risk is deemed limited for MMFs.

8.6 Sustainability Risk

Sustainability risks are Environmental, Social or Governance (ESG) events or conditions that, if occurring, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment. Examples are climate-related and environmental risks, poor governance practices and/or significant social issues. To identify and assess the sustainability risk that each fund is exposed to, the Manager uses an internal ESG score for each Sub-Fund and on a total Fund level. This internal score is based on the ESG scores per investment of the Fund (if available) of widely used data vendors. The Manager expects that companies (share or bond issuers) with high ESG scores will generally have a lower exposure to sustainability risk. As such, on a Fund-level, The Manager expects that the exposure to sustainability risks is higher for funds with a low overall ESG-score compared to funds with a high overall ESG-score.

Exposure to sustainability risks is managed in the same way (using the overall risk management framework) as exposure to other investment risks. In practice, that means that if exposure to sustainability risks exceeds the risk limits as defined in the risk management policy, actions can be taken to mitigate the sustainability risk exposure. To that end, investments with a very poor ESG-score can be considered to be excluded from the portfolio (in order to avoid material adverse impact on the value of the portfolio). The investments with the lowest internal ESG-score (1) will be analyzed by Portfolio Management in an ESG report. In the Risk & Compliance Committee (RCC) the ESG report will be discussed and can be decided an investment or Sub-Fund has too high sustainability risk and needs to divest the investment(s) with ESG-score 1.

The Manager considers that the sustainability risk of the Sub-Funds which belong to the grey Product category could be higher, because the Manager believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances.

8.7 Regulatory Risk

The regulatory environment for investment funds is evolving and changes therein may adversely affect the Sub-Fund’s ability to pursue its investment strategies. In addition, the regulatory or tax environment may be subject to modification by government or judicial action which may adversely affect the value of the investments held by the Fund. The effect of any future regulatory or tax change on the Fund is impossible to predict.

8.8 Political, Government Risk

The risk that rules and regulations issued by government or regulators will affect the business and actions performed by the Sub-Fund. Economic and political instability could lead to changes or reversal of legal, fiscal and market regulations. Assets could be compulsorily re-acquired without adequate compensation. It can happen that trading on certain market will be limited or suspended. Administrative risks may result in the imposition of restrictions on the free movement of capital. A country’s external debt position could lead to sudden imposition of taxes or exchange controls.
8.9 Sector / Industry Risk

The Sub-Fund diversifies investments and does not concentrate investments within specific branch or sector. Overinvesting in one particular sector or industry may result in too big concentration. Recession in the sector will impact on assets valuation from that sector decreasing their values significantly.

8.10 Geographic / Region Risk

Some Sub-Funds invest worldwide. In emerging and less developed markets, in which the Sub-Fund may invest, the legal, judicial and regulatory infrastructure is still developing and therefore there is a certain degree of legal uncertainty. Overinvesting in one particular region or country may result in too big concentration. Economic crisis or political disturbance may impact valuation of assets from that region, possibly decreasing their values significantly.

8.11 Conflict-of-interest Risks

The Manager might encounter a conflict of interest with the Fund when performing their duties. If this happens an effort will be made to find a solution for the Fund as soon as possible without damage resulting from such conflict.

The Manager and/or the directors can be involved directly or indirectly in investing in, managing or providing advice to other funds (investment or otherwise) that trade assets also traded by the Fund. Neither the Manager nor the directors will have a duty to allocate any investment opportunities to the Fund in their entirety but, if the situation arises, they will divide such opportunities between the Fund and their other clients equally.

8.12 Risk of limited redemption opportunity

The Participations are not listed on any stock exchange. Participations in a Sub-Fund may only be transferred to the Manager. A Sub-Fund is obliged to repurchase Participations on each Trading Day except when the NAV determination is suspended (see section 9.2 and 11.4) and consequently issue and redemption of Participations will be postponed.

8.13 Investment fund risk, fees, expenses, constituents

Some Sub-Funds hold investment funds (collective investment schemes) in their portfolio. These Sub-Funds face risk connected with holding investment funds:

- Increase in fees, an investment fund will increase fees for management and/or administration and/or performance. As a result return on investment will decrease;
- Change of redemption rules, an investment fund will change frequency and/or conditions of redemption. As a result the Fund will need more time in order to liquidate the position; and
- Change of constituents, an investment fund will change holdings and/or weight of holding within the investment fund. As a result the investment fund will not be suitable for the portfolio anymore due to restrictions or investment policy.
9 Determination and calculation of the NAV

9.1 Determination and calculation of the NAV

The NAV of a Sub-Fund and per Participation in that Sub-Fund shall be determined in the currency as specified in the respective Supplement on each Valuation Day. The calculation of these NAVs, including if applicable that of a separate Participation Class, is executed by the Administrator. The determination is based on the valuation of assets and liabilities in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (see valuation principles below).

The NAV per Participation is calculated by dividing the total value of the Investments per the Valuation Day, reduced by the liabilities, by the number of issued and outstanding participations. The NAV is rounded to four decimal places.

In determining the NAV per Participation, the management-, depositary-, audit/audit support-, administration-, and custody fees and/or other expenses (if any according to the Supplement) will be taken into account, as set out in section 18 FEES AND EXPENSES, and will be accrued on a daily basis. All Sub-Fund NAV’s per Participation shall be published on the Website each Trading Day.

Valuation of assets and liabilities

9.1.1 Valuation of assets and liabilities

For the purpose of determining the NAVs of the Sub-Funds, the investments and other assets and liabilities of the Sub-Funds are valued per the Valuation Day as follows:

- financial instruments listed or regularly traded on a regulated market or multilateral trading facility (“MTF”) are valued at:
  - the official closing prices of securities traded in active markets (market-to-market) as established on the Valuation Day after the Cut-off Time;
  - securities that are traded “Over-the Counter” (OTC) in less liquid markets can be valued using an evaluated pricing model (using market inputs to derive a price) provided by independent pricing service providers (data vendors);
  - the first official opening price after the Cut-off Time for financial instruments listed on exchanges of which the closing time falls within the business hours of the Valuation Day and before the Cut-off Time;
  - if no pricing took place the average of the bid and ask price at the end of the previous Business Day;
  - the fair value established by the Manager in case of thinly traded financial instruments or absence of a market price (inactive markets) by means of a mark-to-model approach, if this is in the interest of the Participants; or
  - if there is no closing price or opening price available between the Cut-off Time and the end of the Valuation Day as a result of a holiday on a particular exchange, the Manager may decide to use the previous closing prices for determining the NAV or to postpone the determination until a new closing price is available.

- cash, cash equivalents and accrued interest to the relevant Valuation Day from fixed income securities are valued at their nominal value;
- investments in (un)listed investment funds (UCITS or AIF) are priced according to their NAV. If there is no new NAV available between the Cut-Off time and the end of the Valuation Date (for example if this NAV determination is suspended), the Manager can decide to use the previous NAV or delay the determination of the NAV until there is a new NAV available;
- other assets and liabilities are also valued at nominal value. These include for instance capitalised costs, increased undistributed return, not yet received dividends that are payable, and anticipated un-invoiced costs and fees;
- other un-listed investments are valued by the Manager on the basis of generally accepted valuation principles (“fair value”);
- assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are converted into the relevant currency based on the exchange rates per the Valuation Day.

9.1.2 Alternative valuation methods

The Manager may, at his discretion, permit any other method of valuation to be used if they consider that such method of valuation better reflects value and is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the Netherlands. A reasonable decision of the Manager regarding the NAV, including the calculation whether a method of valuation fairly indicates fair market value, and the selection of experts for purposes of assessing the value of the Sub-Fund’s assets and the value of all accrued debts, liabilities and obligations of the Sub-Fund, shall be conclusive and binding upon all Participants.
9.1.3 Valuation principles for MMFs

In derogation to the principles mentioned in 0 and 9.1.1, the investments and other assets and liabilities of the MMFs are valued per the Valuation Day as follows:

- The assets of an MMF shall be valued by using mark-to-market\(^1\) whenever possible.
- When using mark-to-market:
  - the asset of an MMF shall be valued at the more prudent side of bid and offer unless the asset can be closed out at mid-market;
  - only good quality market data shall be used; such data shall be assessed on the basis of all of the following factors:
    - the number and quality of the counterparties;
    - the volume and turnover in the market of the asset of the MMF;
    - the issue size and the portion of the issue that the MMF plans to buy or sell.
- Where use of mark-to-market is not possible or the market data is not of sufficient quality, an asset of an MMF shall be valued conservatively by using mark-to-model\(^2\).

The model shall accurately estimate the intrinsic value of the asset of an MMF, based on all of the following up-to-date key factors:

- the volume and turnover in the market of that asset;
- the issue size and the portion of the issue that the MMF plans to buy or sell;
- market risk, interest rate risk, credit risk attached to the asset.

When using a model, the amortised cost method shall not be used.

9.2 Temporary suspension of NAV determination

The Manager may temporarily suspend the calculation of the NAV within any Sub-Fund and in consequence the issue and redemption of Participations in any of the following events:

- during any period when any one of the exchanges or other principal markets on which a substantial portion of the investments of the Fund attributable to such Sub-Fund, from time to time, is quoted or dealt in, is closed otherwise than for ordinary holidays, or during which dealings therein are restricted or suspended, provided that such restriction or suspension affects the valuation of the investments of the Fund attributable to such Sub-Fund quoted or dealt in thereon;
- if in case the underlying investments of a Sub-Fund are composed of other investment funds (fund of funds principle) and these investment funds have temporary suspended the determination of their NAV;
- during any breakdown in the means of communication normally employed in determining the price or value of any of the investments of the Fund attributable to such Sub-Fund or when for any other reason the values of any investment(s) owned by the Fund attributable to such Sub-Fund cannot be promptly or accurately ascertained;
- during any period when, as a result of political, economic, military or monetary events on any circumstances outside the control, responsibility and power of the Manager, or the existence of any state of affairs which constitutes an emergency in the opinion of the Manager as a result of which disposal or valuation of assets owned by the Fund attributable to such Sub-Fund would be impracticable;
- if currency restrictions or restrictions on the movement of capital prevent the execution of the transactions on behalf of the Sub-Fund or if the buying and selling of financial instruments cannot be accomplished at normal exchange rates; or
- if a decision of termination of a Sub-Fund has been taken.

If the Manager is unable to determine and calculate the NAV per Participation, this will be published on the Website of the Manager.

Any order for subscription or redemption of Participations is irrevocable, except in case of suspension of the determination of the NAV of the relevant Sub-Fund, in which case Participants may give notice that they wish to withdraw their order. If no such notice is received by the Manager, such application will be dealt with on the first Trading Day following the end of the suspension period.

Additionally, if the Manager suspends the redemption of the Participations, it shall notify the AFM, and if applicable the relevant supervisory authority of each Member State where the Fund or Sub-Fund is offered, of such suspension without delay.

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1 mark-to-market’ means the valuation of positions at readily available close out prices that are sourced independently, including exchange prices, screen prices, or quotes from several independent reputable brokers
2 ‘mark-to-model’ means any valuation which is benchmarked, extrapolated or otherwise calculated from one or more market input.
9.2.1 Valuation Day postponement

If - due to any change in local, national, international, economic, political, financial or market conditions - in the opinion of the Manager it is desirable and in the interests of the Participants, the Manager may decide that the Valuation Day shall fall on another day. If the Manager determines to postpone the Valuation Day, it will be published on the Website of the Manager.

9.3 Treatment of NAV calculation by the Administrator

In calculating the NAV of the Sub-Fund and the NAV per Participation, the Administrator will follow the valuation policies and procedures as approved by the Manager and as set out above (see 9.1). The Administrator calculates the NAV per Participation per the Valuation Day in the currency as described in the respective Supplement and using the method for valuation as described above on a Valuation Day (as specified in the Supplements). Each Trading Day the Manager publishes the NAV per Participation on the Website.

If, and to the extent that, the Manager is responsible for or otherwise involved in the pricing of any of the Sub-Fund’s portfolio financial instruments or other assets, the Administrator may accept, use and rely on such prices in calculating the NAV of the Fund and shall not be liable to the Fund, any Participant in the Fund, the Manager or any other person in so doing. The Administrator shall only be liable to the Fund for damages resulting from its own gross negligence or willful misconduct.

9.4 NAV calculation errors, Materiality and Compensation

A NAV computation error occurs where there are one or more factors that lead to the calculation process producing an inaccurate result. Such factors may be erroneous source and pricing data, control breaks, management deficiencies, failings or short coming computer systems, accounting systems or communication systems, or non-compliance with the valuation rules laid down in section 9.1 Determination and calculation of the NAV.

Even though the Manager has adequate checks and balances in place which need to be satisfied before it approves an NAV, errors can occur. The NAV calculation process is the result of the best and closest possible approximation of the actual fair (market) value of the Sub-Funds’ assets. Therefore only material NAV calculation errors shall be recognized by the Manager and eligible for compensation purposes and cause it to exceed a predefined % threshold. In case the NAV has been calculated incorrectly, the Manager shall compensate the Participants that subscribed or redeemed Participations based on the erroneous NAV, and the Sub-Fund, respectively, for any actual losses incurred by them on a net basis if:

- the error was made by the Manager;
- the party that has made the error would be liable for the loss, taking into account the level of liability as set out in the Prospectus; and
- the difference between the incorrect NAV and the corrected NAV is higher than 1% of the corrected NAV.

If any Participants that subscribed or redeemed Participations based on the erroneous NAV or the Sub-Fund (wrongfully) benefited from this situation, the Manager may recover the amounts paid in accordance with the above from the parties that benefitted, up to the amount of the benefit.
10  SUBSCRIPTION AND ISSUE OF PARTICIPATIONS

10.1  Open-ended Sub-Funds

Each Sub-Fund is open-ended. On each Trading Day, (unless otherwise stated in the respective Supplement) Participations shall be issued upon subscription and redeemed at the request of the Participants against the NAV per Participation.

10.2  Nominee accounts (subscription via Nominee Bank)

Participating in a Sub-Fund is possible through several Nominee Banks (considered to be the Participants). Investor orders from clients of Nominee Banks (so-called holders of Derived Rights of Participations) are placed via FundSettle (a Euroclear fund platform), Allfunds or directly into the Register of Participants of the Sub-Fund. After having opened an investment account with a nominee bank, the account holder can instruct the Nominee Bank to subscribe to Participations (transmission and receipt of orders). The Participations will be held directly by the Nominee Bank or an affiliated SPV for the risk and account of their relevant clients, as a nominee. The Sub-Fund Participations will be booked into the nominee account of the Nominee Bank.

10.3  Subscription orders and payments to be received before the Cut-off Time

Subscription orders must be received no later than the Cut-off Time. Settlement of subscription order is processed on a contractual settlement basis. By entering into a subscription order a Participant represents and warrants, to have closely read and reviewed the Prospectus and agrees to be bound thereby.

10.4  Anti-money laundering and terrorist financing

It is the responsibility of the Manager to prevent money laundering (anti-money laundering, “AML”), the financing of terrorism (counter-terrorism financing “CTF”) and sanctions violations. The Manager performs customer due diligence (“CDD”) activities on the Nominee Banks being the Participants. Transaction monitoring is performed by the Manager. Because all end investors (so-called holders of Derived Rights of Participations) first need to become a customer of the Nominee Banks, for subscribing in Sub-Funds, the Manager can also rely on the customer due diligence (“CDD”) procedures including AML/CTF preventive measures based on a risk based approach conducted by the Nominee Banks.

As Nominee Banks are licensed and supervised financial institutions which need to adhere to the same rules and regulations as the Manager. The requirements of the Manager in connection with the Wft, Wwft and the Sanctions Act are subject to change. In the event of delay or failure to produce any information required for verification purposes, the Manager may reject a request for the issue, transfer and/or redemption of Participations and corresponding payment or refuse to process the same until such time as the requested information is provided.

10.5  Minimum subscription amount

The minimum initial and subsequent amounts for participation in a Sub-Fund will be specified in the Supplement of each Sub-Fund. At Commencement Date Participations shall be issued with a nominal value as described in the relevant Supplements.

10.6  Issue and Number of Participations

For each Sub-Fund separate series of Participations can be issued. Participations shall be labelled in such a way (as determined by the Manager) that they can be distinguished from each other at all times. Each series represents the entitlement to the assets of the respective Sub-Fund as described in the Prospectus and the Sub-Fund Supplement. Participations are issued in registered form.

The number of Participations being issued shall equal:

- the subscription amount divided by;
- the NAV per Participation on the relevant Trading Date.

Since subscription takes place by means of payment in a currency as specified in the respective Supplement, fractions of Participations are issued (in four decimals).

10.7  Closing a Sub-Fund & refusal of investors

The Manager may decide to close a Sub-Fund (or a Class) for new investors. Also, the Manager has the right to refuse, without reason, the first or further issue of Participations to a Participant.

10.8  Suspending or limiting the issue of Participations

In exceptional situations and with due regard to the Participants’ interests, the Manager has the power to temporarily suspend or limit the issue of Participations. Situations in which the Manager may take such a decision include:

- temporary suspension of the determination of the NAV, as described in section 9.2 Temporary suspension of NAV determination.
receipt of one or more issue subscriptions which would result in more than 10% of the total Participations in issue needing to be issued on a Trading Day.

If the Manager (temporarily) suspends the issue of Participations, this decision will be immediately posted on the Website. If a limit is imposed on some or all orders, the Manager will inform the Custodian. The issue of Participations will take place on the first Trading Day following the end of the period of suspension.

10.9 Register of Participants

Participations are issued as soon as the Administrator registers the Participations in the Register of Participants.

10.10 Confirmation of Subscription

The confirmation of a transacted subscription order will be provided to the Participant by the Administrator. The account statement details the subscription amount and the issued number of Participations (in four decimals) at the Trading Day based upon contractual settlement.

10.11 Switching

All requests for switching must be received by the Administrator before the Cut-off Time. Any application received after the Cut-off Time shall be deemed to be made in respect of the Trading Day following the relevant Trading Day. No switching fee is charged.

10.12 Additional Information

The Manager may, at its discretion, agree to accept the transfer of securities to the Fund, by way of exchange, in satisfaction of the subscription amount due by the Participant with respect to the Issuance of Participations. Any such securities will be valued in accordance with the valuation principles applied by the Fund as stated in section 9.1 Determination and calculation of the NAV of this Prospectus.
11 REDEMPTION OF PARTICIPATIONS

11.1 Request for redemption

Each Sub-Fund is open-ended. On each Trading Day, (unless otherwise stated in the respective Supplement) Participations will be redeemed at the request of the Participant against the NAV per Participation minus a redemption fee (if any), the amount of which is specified in the applicable Sub-Fund Supplement. A request for redemption must be received by the Administrator before the Cut-off Time. The redemption request must express the number of Participations (specified in no more than four decimals) to be redeemed or the redemption amount denominated in the currency as stated in the respective Supplement. The minimum redemption amounts are set out in the respective Supplement.

11.2 Redemption amount

The redemption amount based on the NAV per Participation times the amount of Participations to be redeemed and reduced by a redemption fee if any, as indicated in the section 18 FEES AND EXPENSES.

11.3 Payment of redemption amount

The Legal Owner shall pay the redemption amount for redeemed Participation(s) to the Participant or as specified in the supplement, normally, within three working days, after deregistration of the relevant Participations unless the redemption of Participations is suspended on the basis of section 18 Temporary suspension of NAV determination. Payment of the redemption amount is performed through payment to the bank account of the Participant.

11.4 Suspending or limiting the redemption of Participations

In exceptional situations and with due regard to the Participants’ interests, the Manager has the power to temporarily suspend or limit the redemption of Participations. Situations in which the Manager may take such a decision include:

- temporary suspension of the determination of the NAV, as described in section 9.2 Temporary suspension of NAV determination.
- receipt of one or more redemption orders which would result in more than 10% of the total Participations needing to be redeemed on a Trading Day.

If the Manager (temporarily) suspends the redemption of Participations, the AFM will be notified without delay. The decision will also be posted on the Website. Redemption will take place on the first Trading Day following the end of the period of suspension.

11.5 Liquidity Management Requirements

The Manager will ensure that the Fund meets the requirements set out by the Financial Supervisors on the liquidity ‘safeguards’ of open-ended investment funds. This gives a sufficient guarantee that – subject to unusual situations – the Fund is able to liquidate Investments that are needed for redemptions at the request of the Participants. The Manager has ensured:

- that the liquidity profile of each Sub-Fund’s investments is aligned with the Sub-Fund’s obligations in relation to redemptions; and
- that a Sub-Fund’s investment strategy, redemption policy and liquidity profile are consistent with each other.

In monitoring the liquidity profile, the Manager shall take into account the profile of the investor base of the Sub-Fund, including the type of investors, the relative size of investments and the redemption terms to which these investments are subject.
12 TRANSFER OF PARTICIPATIONS

12.1 General

Participations cannot be transferred to other parties than the Legal Owner - which acquires these by way of redemption. As exemption, Participations may be transferred to relatives in blood or affinity in a direct line in connection with the settlement of an estate. The beneficiaries must be named as heirs in an attestation of admissibility to the estate. These Beneficiaries must contact the Manager and provide an attestation of admissibility to the estate and a copy of an identity document to the Manager before the Units can be transferred. For the conditions under which the Participations may be transferred to the Fund, see section "Redemption of Participations" above.

12.2 Derived rights

12.2.1 Ban on creation of derived rights of Participations

The creation of rights derived (Derived Rights) from the Participations for third parties is prohibited except upon written approval by the Manager.

12.2.2 Ban on transfer of derived rights of Participations

Rights derived from the Participations may not be transferred other than to relatives in a direct line in connection with the settlement of an estate.

12.2.3 Mandatory transfer of Participations

If an ultimate beneficiary of rights derived from the Participations issues instructions for sale to a financial institution (Nominee Banks) acting as an intermediary, that institution is required to simultaneously transfer the Participations by enabling the Legal Owner to redeem/buy back.

12.2.4 Buy-back of Participations on contravention of prohibitions and failure to comply with mandatory transfer

Contravention of the prohibition of the creation or transfer of Derived Rights from Participations or failure to comply with the mandatory transfer referred to above leads to a contract, as of the moment immediately prior to this, for the Legal Owner to redeem/buy back the Participations underlying the relevant derived rights, regardless of the value of these Participations. Delivery and payment shall take place on the Trading Day immediately following the expiration of a period of twenty-five days after the Fund becomes aware of the creation or transfer of the derived rights as referred to in this paragraph. If the redemption by the Legal Owner has been discontinued at that moment, delivery and payment shall take place on the Trading Day immediately following the day on which the buy-back of the Participations by the Fund can be resumed.

12.2.4.1 Purchase price

The purchase price for the Participations bought back in accordance with the preceding paragraph is the lower of:

- the NAV of the Participations on the last Working Day prior to the Trading Day immediately following the creation or transfer of rights derived from the Participations, as referred to in this sub-section "Rights derived from Participations", less the costs to be determined by the Manager, as shown in the paragraph headed 'Costs and Fees' in this Prospectus; or
- the NAV of the Participations on the last Working Day prior to the Trading Day on which delivery and payment take place, as described in the preceding paragraph.

12.3 Redemption of Participations

Violation of the ban on the creation or the transfer of Derived Rights as mentioned above leads at the time immediately preceding to the creation, to an agreement of redemption of the affected Participations by the Fund, irrespective of the NAV of the Participations at that time. Delivery and payment shall take place on the first Trading Day after the Manager has received knowledge of the creation or the transfer of the Derived Rights as mentioned in this paragraph. If at that time redemption is suspended by the Fund, delivery and payment shall take place on the next Trading Day on which Participations can be redeemed.

12.3.1 Redemption price

The redemption of Participations in accordance with the previous paragraph shall be the lower amount of the following:

- the NAV of the Participations on the preceding Business Day following the creation or the transfer of the derived rights of the Participations as mentioned in the previous paragraph, reduced by the costs determined by the Manager as indicated in the section 18 FEES AND EXPENSES.
the NAV of the Participations per the last Valuation Day before the Trading Day on which the delivery and payment will take place as mentioned in the previous paragraph, reduced by the costs determined by the Manager as indicated in the section 18 FEES AND EXPENSES.
13 FINANCIAL REPORTING

13.1 Annual reports

The financial year of the Fund runs from October 1 to September 30th. Every year, the Manager prepares an annual report within four months after the end of the financial year and publishes it on the Website. This annual report includes a report of the Manager and the financial statements. The annual report and the financial statements will be prepared in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code (Burgerlijk Wetboek) and the Wft. The annual accounts comprise the balance sheet, the profit and loss account and explanatory notes thereto. The explanatory notes include at least: an overview of the movements of the value of the Fund during the financial year and the composition of the investments at the end of the financial year concerned.

13.2 Semi-annual reports

Within nine weeks after the end of the first half of the financial year, the Manager prepares a report on the first half year. The report includes the balance sheet, the profit and loss account and explanatory notes thereof. The explanatory notes include at least: an overview of the movements of the value of the Fund (and the Sub-Funds) for the first half of the financial year and of the composition of the investments at the end of the period concerned. The Manager publishes this semi-annual report.

13.3 Incorporation by reference into the Prospectus

The first published (semi) annual report of the Fund is considered to be part of this Prospectus. Each new (semi-)annual report will supersede the previous (semi-)annual accounts. Furthermore, each new annual account of the Fund with the accompanying auditor’s report will supersede annual accounts with the accompanying auditor’s report for the previous financial years. For detailed information on the returns and historic costs reference will be made to these reports.

13.4 Audit of financial statements

The Manager shall instruct an independent auditor or another expert as mentioned in article 2:393(1) of the Dutch Civil Code to examine the annual accounts. The auditor's responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements of the Fund in accordance with general accepted accounting principles in the Netherlands and auditing standards. The auditor shall report his findings to the Manager and the Depositary and express the results of his audit in a report. This auditor’s report will be added to the annual accounts as part of the ‘other information’.

13.5 Place where the reports will be available

Within four months after the financial year end and – where it concerns a semi-annual report – within nine weeks after the first half of the financial year, the annual report or the semi-annual report will be available for inspection at the office of the Manager and also on the Website of the Manager. On the Website of the Manager the (semi)annual reports of the last three years will be available.

13.6 Rebate commissions

As at the date of this Prospectus, no agreements have been made concerning rebate commissions or goods that are received or paid by the Manager (or the directors of the Manager) or are offered to them for the performance of assignments for the Manager.
14 **PROFIT ALLOCATION**

14.1 **Determination of the result**

The result is determined by deducting the investment charges (mainly charged by fund service providers) in the period under review from the total investment result consisting of direct investment income (e.g., dividends and coupon interest) realised and unrealised capital gains and losses from investments and other assets, that are accountable to and recognized in the period under review. The realised results represent the differences between the sales price and the cost price of investments that has not yet been accounted for in the income statement as unrealized changes in value.

The unrealised changes in value of investments are calculated on an individual basis as the difference between the market value at the balance sheet date and the cost price (paid consideration including transaction cost) of investments during the current financial year or as the difference between the market value per the current year ending balance and the previous year ending balance per 30 September. The historical purchase price is determined based on the FIFO cost method.

14.2 **Distribution policy**

In principle the Manager intends to automatically reinvest all earnings, dividends and other distributions of whatever kind as well as realised capital gains arising from the Sub-Fund pursuant to the investment objective and policies of the Sub-Fund for the benefit of Participants in the Sub-Fund. However, with respect to particular Sub-Funds the Manager shall have sole discretion whether to distribute any income of the Sub-Fund or whether to retain it within the Sub-Fund. The Manager shall have the option to make income distributions, which shall in such event be made to Participants in the relevant Sub-Fund. All Participations held by Participants at the time of adoption of the annual report will share in the results of the Fund over the relevant financial year. The distribution will be made in accordance with the number of Participations held. The Manager shall in case of any income distributions notify each Participant via e-mail and it will communicate such distributions via the Website.

14.3 **Dividends and interest**

Revenues obtained in the form of dividend or interest, will be reinvested. Participants will receive an overview of the dividend taxes withheld on an annual basis.

14.4 **Payment**

Distribution of income, whenever the Manager decides to do so, will be made payable four weeks after adoption of the annual report. The Manager will include the composition of the payments in the report the Manager provides to the Participants. Payment will be made to the bank accounts held by the Participants as stated in the register of Participants.
15 SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

15.1 Changes to the Prospectus

By requesting the issuance of (units of) Participations and by means of payment, the Participant accepts the terms and conditions as set in this the Prospectus.

The Prospectus and more specifically the investment policy and/or restrictions of the Fund, the applicable fees and expenses, may be amended at the proposal of the Manager, without consent of the Participants being required.

Changes to the Prospectus may be effected by the Manager.

15.1.1 Notice of (proposed) changes

In case the Manager deems that an amendment constitutes a material change, the Participant will be notified of a proposed amendment and the amendment, in as far as it deviates from the proposed amendment, of the Base Prospectus via the (e-mail) address of the Participants as stated in the register of Participants. In addition, the notice will be published on the Manager’s Website along with an explanation of the changes. In case of amendments to a Supplement, the same will apply but only with regards to the Participants of the respective Sub-Fund. In case the Manager deems that an amendment does not constitute a material change, the notice along with an explanation of the changes will only be published on the Manager’s Website.

15.1.2 Conditions for changes taking effect

In principle, changes will take immediate effect. However, changes that cause a reduction in the rights and securities of the Participants or imposes (additional or higher) costs upon them or reflect a change in the investment policy, do not become effective until one month following the date of the notification thereof.

During the one month period, Participants have the right to redeem their Participations at their respective NAV under the usual conditions.

15.2 Meeting of Participants

The directors of the Manager can summon a Meeting of Participants when deemed necessary and in the interest of the Participants.

15.2.1 Call for the meeting of Participants

This meeting is accessible for Participants, the Manager and the Depositary, as well as anyone allowed access by the chairman of the meeting. A Participant as well as the holders of Derived Rights of Participations may attend by proxy.

15.2.2 The notice

The Manager is responsible for the organization of the Meeting of Participants. A notice will be provided at least 14 working days before the meeting to the (e-mail) address of the Participants as stated in the register of Participants. The notice shall in any event be published on the Website of the Manager. The notice will indicate that Participants as well as holders of Derived Rights of Participations who intend to attend the Meeting of Participants have to declare this in writing five days before the day of the meeting at the latest.

15.2.3 Agenda

The Manager is responsible for setting the agenda of the Meeting of Participants. The Manager may allow one (or more) Participants who have at least twenty percent (20%) of the total number of outstanding Participations, to add items to the agenda. A written request to that effect must be received within 5 working days before the Meeting of Participants by the Manager.

15.2.4 Rights and Decision-Making

The Meetings of Participants are informative. No initiative, veto or consensual rights are conferred upon the Meeting of Participants. The Meeting of Participants is led by a person who is designated by the Manager. The chairman of the Meeting of Participants appoints a secretary. The chairman may also allow third parties access to the Meeting of Participants and allow them to speak.

15.2.5 Place

The Meeting of Participants will be held in Amsterdam or another place in the Netherlands to be determined by the Manager.

15.3 Termination and liquidation

The Manager may decide to liquidate, dissolve and terminate the Fund. The Manager will consult the Depositary regarding the decision if deemed necessary.
In the event that the Manager decides to liquidate, dissolve and terminate a Fund, the Manager shall prior to liquidation, notify the Participants of its decision through the (e-mail) address of the Participants as stated in the register of Participants.

The Manager is responsible for liquidating, dissolving and terminating the relevant Fund. They will jointly report on the consequences to the Participants at least by notification through the Website of the Manager or to the (e-mail) address of the Participants as stated in the register of Participants.

During the termination, dissolution and liquidation the Prospectus will remain in force to the extent possible.

15.3.1 Balance remaining after liquidation

The balance that remains after liquidation of the assets of the Fund will be paid to the entitled Participants in proportion to the number of Participations in the Fund held by the Participants. As a result thereof the Participations will expire.

The Manager is responsible to make a liquidation statement (rekening en verantwoording) after liquidation of the assets and the payment of the corresponding Participations to the entitled Participants. The Depositary provides a statement in which it declares that:

- the Sub-Fund has been liquidated in compliance with the rules of the Prospectus and relevant laws and regulations;
- the Participants have been notified of the liquidation;
- all Participations have been redeemed; and
- all the assets of the Sub-Fund have been liquidated.
16 DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

16.1 Website of the Investment Manager

The Manager will maintain a Website (www.fundshare.nl) which will include the following information:

- this Prospectus;
- the license granted by the AFM to act as a manager as prescribed in book 2, section 65 of the Wft;
- amendments to the investment policy (if any);
- (semi)annual reports of the Manager and the Depositary (latest three years);
- historical performance of the Sub-Funds;
- the remuneration policy;
- a statement of no consideration of Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI);
- the ESG policy;
- the most recent NAV per Participation as determined per the Trading Day; and
- KIID.

16.2 Documents available for inspection

The above stated documents are also available for inspection at the office of the Manager. A copy the articles of association of the Manager, the Legal Owner or the Depositary can be obtained free of charge on request. The information about the Manager and the Depositary filed in the commercial trade register of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry in Amsterdam pursuant to any statutory regulation can be obtained for a maximum of the cost price on request. Participants will also be provided, on request and at a maximum of the cost price, with:

- a copy of the Manager's licence; and
- a copy of the Depositary agreement.

Up-to-date information about the Participations, this Base Prospectus, the Supplements and the KIID concerning the Sub-Funds, the annual report and the semiannual report can be obtained free of charge from the Manager. This information and all other relevant information are also available on the Manager’s Website.

16.3 Periodical reports

The Manager will prepare the periodical reports mentioned in the following sections.

16.3.1 Monthly reports

A report published monthly on the Website of the Manager and which includes at least shall include the following information (article 50 Bgfo):

- the recent NAV per Participation of each Sub-Fund and the date on which the valuation was made;
- the number of Participations outstanding per Sub-Fund; and
- the total value and an overview of the composition of the assets of the Sub-Fund.

16.3.2 (Semi)Annual Report

On a semi-annual and annual basis, the semi-annual and annual reports as specified in paragraph 12. The annual- and semiannual reports are available free of charge for the Participants at the Manager’s office and on its Website.

16.3.3 Annual overview

The Manager will, as of the end of each calendar year, make available to the Participants an annual overview which includes at least the following:

- the number of Participations and the value of Participations held by the Participant; and
- an pro rata overview of gross dividend, dividend withholding taxes and net dividends received by a Sub-Fund.

The Manager will send this annual overview to the email addresses listed in the register of Participants. As stated, the annual overview is accompanied by information on withholding tax and/or foreign withholding taxes that are withheld from the dividend and proceeds from investments of the Fund that may be deducted or reclaimed by the Participants on an individual basis with Dutch and foreign
tax authorities. The annual overview of the preceding calendar year will be sent in February or March of the following calendar year. In addition, also the holdings of Participants in the Sub-Fund(s) as valued at the beginning of the calendar year are included. This information can be important for the income tax return of individual Participants. Part of this information will be provided to the tax authorities (renseigning) unless the Participants act as a nominee on behalf of holders of the derived rights of the Participations (end investors). In that case the tax authorities could provide an exemption to report.
17 TAXATION

17.1 General

The information given is not exhaustive and does not constitute legal or tax advice. Prospective investors should consult their own professional advisers as to the implications of their subscribing for, purchasing, holding, switching or disposing of Participations under the laws of the jurisdictions in which they may be subject to tax. The following is a brief summary of certain aspects of taxation law and practice in The Netherlands relevant to the transactions contemplated in this Prospectus. It is based on the law and practice and official interpretation currently in effect, all of which are subject to change.

17.2 Tax transparency

The Fund and each Sub-Fund are structured as transparent for Dutch tax purposes. The Fund and each Sub-Fund are from Dutch tax perspective, a so-called “closed fund for joint account” (besloten fonds voor gemene rekening). This means that the Fund is fiscally transparent and is therefore not subject to Dutch corporate income tax or dividend withholding tax. For fiscal purposes, the assets and liabilities, as well as the revenue and the costs of the Fund, are directly allocated to the Participants pro rata to their number of Participations, subject to and in accordance with the Prospectus. Therefore, for tax purposes, each Participant will be considered to participate directly in the investments of the Fund. Tax transparency is amongst others achieved if the Participations may only be issued and redeemed by the Fund itself. This means that Participations can only be redeemed or transferred through the Manager and the transfer or the creation of derived rights in relation to Participations is restricted.

17.3 Corporate income tax

A Participant can only alienate Participations to the Fund itself, by offering them to the Manager. As such the Fund is tax transparent, which means that the Fund itself is not subject to corporate income tax. This implies that for tax purposes all assets and liabilities of the Fund are allocated to individual Participants – in proportion to their Participation in the Fund.

17.4 Dividend withholding tax

Since the Fund is considered to be tax transparent, distributions made by the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax. However, withholding tax may be levied from income flows (such as interest or dividends) paid to the Fund in connection with investments made by the Fund. A Participant may be able to obtain a credit for such withholding tax against income taxes levied in its own state of residence.

17.5 Non-residents

For a Participant, not resident or deemed to be resident in the Netherlands, the dividend withholding tax shall depend on national tax law of his state of residence and on any tax treaty concluded between such state and the state levying the withholding tax on dividend income flowing to the Fund.

17.6 Residents

Individuals and corporate entities who are resident or deemed to be resident in the Netherlands for Dutch tax purposes (“Dutch resident individuals” and “Dutch resident entities”) can generally credit their prorated part of any Dutch withholding tax against their income tax or corporate income tax liability. Whether they can credit any foreign withholding tax against their (corporate) income tax liability, shall depend on any tax treaty concluded between the Netherlands and the state levying the withholding tax.

17.7 Value Added Tax

No Dutch value added tax will arise in respect of any payment in consideration for the issue or the sale of the Participations. Distributions by the Fund and capital gains on the redemption or disposal of the Participations are not subject to value added tax.

17.8 Taxes on Income and Capital Gains

17.8.1 Dutch resident individuals

As a general rule, Dutch resident individuals will be taxed annually on a deemed income between 1.63 and 5.39 per cent of their net investment assets at an income tax rate of presently 30 per cent (see website Dutch tax authorities for more information). The NAV is the sum of (i) the value of the investment assets less the attributable liabilities and (ii) the investment assets less the attributable liabilities at 0:00 hours on January 1 of each calendar year. The value of the Participations is included in the calculation of the NAV. Actual benefits derived from the Participations, including any capital gains, are not as such subject to Dutch income tax. Equally, actual costs (including funding costs) are not deductible.

17.8.2 Dutch resident entities

Any benefit derived or deemed to be derived from the Participations held by Dutch resident entities, including any capital gains realised on the disposal thereof, is generally subject to corporate income tax in 2019 at a rate 20% for profits till EUR 200,000 and 25% for profits above EUR 200,000.
17.9 Change of tax structure

The Manager reserves the right to change the legal and tax-related structure of the Fund if, for example, legislation (tax-related or otherwise) is amended or if the policy relating to investment or common funds is changed and the Manager deems this to be in the Participants’ interests.
18 FEES AND EXPENSES

There are fees and expenses associated with investing in the Fund. These costs can be divided into fees and expenses that are charged to the Fund and fees and expenses that are charged to the Participants. The ongoing charges charged to the Fund (the management-, depositary-, audit/audit support- and administration fees), excluding the transaction and transaction related expenses of securities transactions as well as interest charges and a performance fee if any, are reflected in the expense ratio for the Fund (Ongoing Charges Ratio, the OCR).

18.1 Fees and expenses charged to the Fund

The below stated fees and expenses that shall be charged to the Fund are exclusive of value added tax, if any. Where there are differences or inconsistencies between the Base Prospectus and a Supplement, the conditions in the Supplement will prevail.

18.1.1 Management fee

The Manager shall be entitled* to receive an annual fixed and variable management fee from each separate Sub-Fund based on the NAV per the end of the month of the particular Sub-Fund as calculated by the Administrator. There can be exceptions to this calculation. In case of an exception this will be disclosed in the corresponding Supplement. The variable management fee shall accrue by reference to the NAV per the Valuation Day and is due, together with 1/12 of the fixed annual management fee, monthly in arrears on the first Business Day. The annualized percentage is specified for each Sub-Fund in its respective Supplement. It is calculated as follows:

\[
[(1/12) \times \text{(annualised percentage fee per Sub-Fund)}] \times \text{NAV of the Sub-Fund - per the end of the month over which the management fee is calculated - before deduction of the accrued management fee and other accrued fees due for that month.}
\]

* In case the implementation of the investment policy as set by the Manager is delegated to the Operating Company not being the Manager, the Operating Company will be entitled to a portion of the Management Fee as set out in the respective Supplement.

18.1.2 Administration fee

The Administrator fees are based upon the services (except for audit support) provided, it will contain a fixed and a variable fee for each separate Sub-Fund, which is based on an annual percentage related to the NAV per the end of the month of the particular Sub-Fund as calculated by the Administrator. The variable administration fee shall accrue by reference to the NAV per the Valuation Day and is due, together with 1/12 fixed annual administration fee, monthly in arrears on the first Business Day. The variable part of the administration fee shall be calculated in the manner as set out above for the variable management fee.

Administration fee per Sub-Fund: EUR 2,500 minimum* + variable 0.075% per year.

* the minimum amount is increased with the applicable fixed fees according to the schedule below.

### Fixed fee schedule

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<td>&gt; 50 and &lt; 200</td>
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<td>more than 200 positions</td>
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<th>Diversification, Market Cap and Liquidity</th>
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<td>Turnover &lt; EUR 1 mln per day or market cap &lt; EUR 500 mln or &gt; 10% per position</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Market cap &lt; EUR 100 mln or &gt; 20% of daily turnover</td>
<td>EUR 2,500</td>
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</table>

Maximum to the minimum fixed administration fee per year per Sub-Fund: EUR 22,500

18.1.3 Audit- and audit support fee

The Manager - with respect to the audit of the annual report and audit support provided by the Administrator, - shall charge a fixed and a variable fee from each separate Sub-Fund, which is based on an annual percentage related to the NAV per the end of the month.
of the particular Sub-Fund as calculated by the Administrator. The fixed audit fee as incurred is charged to the Manager by the auditor. The Managers’ recharge to the Sub-Fund is part of the fixed audit- and audit support fee stated below. The variable audit support fee shall accrue by reference to the NAV per the Valuation Day and is due, together with 1/12 fixed annual audit- and audit support fee, monthly in arrears on the first Business Day. The variable part of the audit- and audit support fee shall be calculated in the manner as set out above for the variable management fee.

Audit- and audit support fee per Sub-Fund charged by the Manager: fixed EUR 2,500 + variable 0.03% per year (excluding VAT).

18.1.4 Depositary fee

The Depositary shall be entitled to receive a fixed and a variable fee from each separate Sub-Fund, which is based on an annual percentage related to the NAV per the end of the month of the particular Sub-Fund as calculated by the Administrator. The variable depositary fee shall accrue by reference to the NAV per the Valuation Day and is due, together with 1/12 fixed annual depositary fee, monthly in arrears on the first Business Day. The annualized percentage is specified for each Sub-Fund in its respective Supplement. The variable part of depositary fee shall be calculated in the manner as set out above for the variable management fee.

Depositary fee per Sub-Fund: fixed EUR 2,250 (excluding VAT) + variable 0.01% per year (excluding VAT).

18.1.5 Sub-Fund cross-border distribution expenses

Expenses incurred in connection with the cross-border distribution of the Sub-Fund (including but not limited to passporting fees: paying agents, local notification and regulatory fees, information agents, distribution agents, passporting service providers, legal fees, registration fees, translations fees, transfer agents, local representative agents, etc) can be charged to the Sub-Fund or the Manager. This is specified in the respective Supplement.

18.1.6 Sub-Fund formation expenses

Expenses incurred in connection with the establishment and set up of the Sub-Funds (including but not limited to legal advisory and consultancy fees, research costs, travel expenses, related to the set-up of the Sub-Fund etc) are amortised pro rata (straight line) per Valuation Day over a maximum period of five years. A legal reserve will been formed (recognized) for the capitalized formation expenses.

18.1.7 Other expenses

The following expenses may also be charged to the Fund and pro rata to each Sub-Fund:

- The Fund shall bear all costs for the purchase and sale of financial instruments arising from the management of the Sub-Fund’s assets (brokerage and custody fees, duties and other transaction related taxes). Such costs are directly added to the historic cost/purchase price or deducted from the sales proceeds of the traded respective financial instruments, if applicable.
- The Cash-Funds shall bear all costs pro rata for the deposit account structure needed to fulfil the obligations of MMFR.

18.1.8 Operating Expense Cap

The sum of the administration, audit- and audit support and depositary fee and, if any, cross border distribution and fund formation expenses for each separate Sub-Fund is capped at 0.5% over the NAV per month end. The other expenses are excluded from this operating expense cap. In the annual report of the Fund, you can find the total sum of these costs of the last financial year. The annual report is published on the Website.

18.2 Costs charged to the Participant

18.2.1 Subscription and Redemption fees

If subscription and redemption fees are specified in the respective Supplement, subscription and/or redemption fees (also in connection with switches between Sub-Funds) can be charged by the Manager. Subscriptions and redemptions via a nominee bank or broker can include fees of the nominee bank or broker. More information on these fees is available at the nominee bank or broker or the Manager.

18.3 Ongoing Charges Ratio (OCR) in reporting

The ongoing charges figure shall include all types of cost borne by the Sub-fund, whether they represent expenses necessarily incurred in its operation, or the remuneration of any party connected with it or providing services to it. These costs may be expressed or calculated in a variety of ways (e.g. a flat fee, a proportion of assets, a charge per transaction, etc.). Transaction costs and performance-related fees are not included in the „ongoing charges“. The „ongoing charges“ may differ from year to year. Please refer to the „Expenses“ sub-item of the current (semi)annual accounts of the Fund for precise details of the cost components included in the „ongoing charges“.
18.4 Transaction costs not included in the OCR

Charges that do not affect OCR but which do affect the result of the Sub-Funds are comprised of brokerage fees, custody fees, duties and transaction related taxes and other transaction and interest related costs. The costs charged by the Sub-Custodian and the exchanges in relation to the purchase or sale of financial instruments form the main component of the cost of a transaction. In addition, transaction related costs comprise of taxes and duties such as registration taxes, financial transaction taxes and stamp duties.

18.5 Portfolio Turnover Rate (PTR) in reporting

The turnover ratio presents the trading activity of an investment fund during the period of one year. Therefore the turnover rate is a consequence of the investment policy and decisions and refers to the total of purchases and sales of assets by the Sub-Fund in proportion to the average NAV of the Sub-Fund in the financial year concerned. The turnover rate is adjusted for sales and purchases of assets with respect to the issuance and redemption of Participations. The closer the PTR is to 0, the more directly the transactions conducted are related to the issue and redemption of Sub-Fund Participations. A positive PTR hence shows that the securities transactions were higher than transactions in Sub-Fund Participations, whereas a negative PTR figure indicates that securities transactions are lower than transactions in Sub-Fund Participations.

18.6 Compensation by third party

For maintaining a Cash Fund, the Manager may receive a payment from a third-party. In such case, the Manager will inform the Participants through the (semi-)annual accounts with the name of the third party and the name of Sub-Fund to which the payment relates. The (semi-) annual accounts are available on the Website of the Manager.
19 OTHER INFORMATION

19.1 Evidence
The books of the Manager, the Legal Owner and the Depositary shall be deemed as evidence with respect to a Participant, as long as evidence to the contrary has not been provided. At the request of the Participants, the Manager will allow inspection of these books. Issues not provided for in this Prospectus, will be decided on by the Manager.

19.2 Related parties

19.2.1 Affiliated parties
The Sub-Funds are allowed to invest in parties affiliated to the Manager, including other Sub-Funds and other affiliated funds. In this case, the standard conditions for subscription and redemption will apply.

19.3 Data Protection
The Manager will ensure that personal data collected from Participants are treated confidentially and processed in accordance with GDPR.

The Manager shall comply at all times with GDPR. Personal Data are collected and processed in accordance with this Prospectus and with the Privacy statement which is available on its Website.

Personal data will not be disclosed to third parties unless

- the disclosure is necessary pursuant to the provisions of this Prospectus; or
- the disclosure must be made available on grounds of a statutory provision.

19.4 Policy regarding voting rights and voting conduct
The Legal Owner, in its capacity as legal owner in relation to financial instruments of the Fund, will not pursue an active voting policy. The Manager may exercise the voting rights pertaining to any of the securities included in the investment portfolio of the Sub-Funds. In such case it shall exercise the voting rights in the best interest of the respective Sub-Fund.
20 MANAGERS STATEMENT

Solely the Manager of the Fund is responsible for the contents of the Prospectus. The Manager declares that the information in this Prospectus is in accordance with the laws and regulations and that no information was omitted which would have changed the tenor of this Prospectus.

As of the date of this Prospectus, the following Supplements are available:

- EUR Cash Fund
- USD Cash Fund*
- SEK Cash Fund*
- NOK Cash Fund*
- DKK Cash Fund*
- GBP Cash Fund*
- CHF Cash Fund*
- Stroeve Beheerd Beleggen Groei Fund
- Stroeve Beheerd Beleggen Behoud Fund
- Sequoia Familie Aandelen Fonds
- Sequoia Obligatie Fonds
- Sequoia Wereld Aandelen Fonds
- Sequoia Wereld Aandelen Waarde Fonds
- Sequoia Quantum Satis Fund**
- Post Opbouw Inkomens Fonds**
- Slim Vermogensbeheer Balanced Strategy Fund**
- Blauwtulp Global BondSelect Fund*
- Fundamental Value Fund*
- Fondsstad Dynamisch Fonds*
- Beleggers Belangen Dividend Fund

*These Sub-Funds are currently in liquidation.

**Sub-Funds not yet active.

The Manager is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the information contained in this Prospectus. The Manager declares that the Fund, the Manager and the Depositary comply with the rules laid down by or pursuant to the Dutch Act on Financial Supervision (Wft). This Prospectus contains all the information in accordance within article 4:49 Wft juncto article 117 and 118 Bgfo and Appendix I and H of the Bgfo, to the extent applicable.

The Fund is established and the original Prospectus is adopted on December 23, 2013. The Prospectus is actualized and the new version is adopted on March 22, 2022. According to the Manager, the Prospectus contains at least the information as prescribed in article 4:49 Wft juncto article 117 and 118 Bgfo and Appendix I and H of the Bgfo that are necessary in order for a prospective investor to make a judgment of the Fund and the associated costs and risks. This Prospectus is available on the Website www.fundshare.nl.

Amsterdam, March 22, 2022,

The Manager,

FundShare Fund Management B.V.
21 ASSURANCE REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 4:49 SUBSECTION 2c OF THE DUTCH FINANCIAL SUPERVISION ACT

ASSURANCE REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

To: the Manager of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund

21.1 OUR OPINION

In accordance with Section 4:49, subsection 2, under c, of the Wet op het financieel toezicht (Wft, Act on Financial Supervision), we have examined the prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund based in Amsterdam.

In our opinion the prospectus dated 3 June 2020 of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund contains, in all material respects, at least the information required by or pursuant to the Wft for a prospectus of an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities.

21.2 BASIS FOR OUR OPINION

We performed our examination in accordance with Dutch law, including Dutch Standard 3000A ‘Assurance-opdrachten anders dan opdrachten tot controle van historische financiële informatie (attest-opdrachten)’ (assurance engagements other than audits or reviews of historical financial information (attestation engagements)). This engagement is aimed to obtain reasonable assurance. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in the ‘Our responsibilities for the examination of the prospectus’ section of our report.

We are independent of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund in accordance with the ‘Verordening inzake de onafhankelijkheid van accountants bij assurance-opdrachten’ (ViO, Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, a regulation with respect to independence) and other relevant independence requirements in The Netherlands. Furthermore we have complied with the ‘Verordening gedrags- en beroepsregels accountants’ (VGBA, Dutch Code of Ethics).

We believe that the assurance evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

21.3 RELEVANT MATTERS RELATING TO THE SCOPE OF OUR EXAMINATION

Our examination consists of determining whether the prospectus contains the required information, which means we did not examine the accuracy of the information included in the prospectus.

Furthermore, Dutch law does not require the auditor to perform additional assurance procedures with respect to Section 4:49, subsection 2 under a of the Wft. Pursuant to Section 4:49, subsection 2 under a of the Wft, the prospectus of an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities contains the information which investors need in order to form an opinion on the undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities and the costs and risks attached to it.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

21.4 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGER FOR THE PROSPECTUS

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of the prospectus that contains at least the information required by or pursuant to the Wft for a prospectus of an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities.

Furthermore, the manager is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the prospectus that is free from material omission, whether due to fraud or error.

21.5 OUR RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE EXAMINATION OF THE PROSPECTUS

Our objective is to plan and perform our examination in a manner that allows us to obtain sufficient and appropriate assurance evidence for our opinion.

Our examination has been performed with a high, but not absolute, level of assurance, which means we may not detect all material omissions in the prospectus due to error and fraud.

We apply the ‘Nadere voorschriften kwaliteitsstystemen’ (NVKS, regulations for quality management systems) and accordingly maintain a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Our examination included among others:

- Identifying and assessing the risks of material omissions of information required by or pursuant to the Wft in the prospectus, whether due to errors or fraud, designing and performing assurance procedures responsive to those risks, and obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material omission resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from errors, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
Obtaining an understanding of internal control relevant to the examination in order to design assurance procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of the manager of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund.

Rotterdam, 3 June 2020

MAZARS N.V.

drs. C.A. Harteveld RA
## ADDRESS LIST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Fax</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Manager</strong></td>
<td>FundShare Fund Management B.V.</td>
<td>+31(0) 2477 277</td>
<td>+31(0) 2477 299</td>
<td><a href="http://www.fundshare.nl">www.fundshare.nl</a></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Duivendrechtse kade 82</td>
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<td>1096 AJ Amsterdam</td>
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<td><strong>Legal Owner</strong></td>
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<td>+31(0) 20 535 34 80</td>
<td>+31(0) 20 535 34 99</td>
<td><a href="http://www.DeGiro.nl">www.DeGiro.nl</a></td>
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23 APPENDIX: REGISTRATION DOCUMENT

As referred to in Appendix H of the “Besluit Gedragstoezicht financiële ondernemingen Wft”

23.1 INFORMATION REGARDING THE MANAGER

23.1.1 General information

FundShare Fund Management B.V. (hereafter also referred to as the “Manager”) is a private limited liability company (besloten vennootschap met beperkte aansprakelijkheid) that is incorporated under Dutch law and that has its registered office in Amsterdam. It was incorporated on 7th of Augustus 2006 and is listed in the trade register held by the Amsterdam Chamber of Commerce under number 34252934. The Manager’s Website address is: www.fundshare.nl.

23.1.2 Activities

The Manager acts as fund manager for the following funds:

- FundShare Umbrella Fund (AIF);
- FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (UCITS); and
- InDelta.

All above funds are registered with the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets (Stichting Autoriteit Financiële Markten) in accordance with the provisions of the Act on Financial Supervision (Wet op het financieel toezicht: “Wft”).

23.1.3 Information on the daily policy makers of the Manager

The day-to-day policy of the Manager is determined by its managing board, consisting of:

- **A. Rose**, residing in Hilversum, as Chief Executive Officer (CEO) responsible for Business Development, Human Resources, Legal and Audit. He is also responsible for managing the relation with the operating companies.

- **M.S. Huisman**, residing in Baarn, as Chief Financial Officer (CFO) responsible for Risk Management, Compliance and Finance&Control. He is also responsible for managing the relation with the Depositary.

- **J.J. Surie**, residing in Edam, as Chief Investment Officer (CIO) responsible for Portfolio Management, IT and Fund Administration. He is also responsible for managing the relation with the Custodian.

The members of the managing board of the Manager qualify as persons that co-determine the policy of the Manager.

23.1.4 Financial Information and Audited Financial Statements

Based upon the latest audited financial statements, the Manager continues to meet the requirements under articles 3:53 (minimum initial capital) and 3:57 (solvency) Wft.

The financial year of the Manager coincides with the calendar year. Annual reports will thus become available prior to April 30 of the year following the pertinent financial year. Reports of the Manager incorporating the Semmi-annual accounts will be published within 9 weeks after 30 June.

The lastest available audited financial statements of the Manager are available on the Website of the Manager. These audited financial statements contain an available equity level which exceeds the fixed overhead requirement. The annual reports of the Manager as audited by an independent auditor, can be found on the Website of the Manager: www.fundshare.nl.

23.1.5 Formal or actual control structure in which the Manager is affiliated with other persons

As per 23 April 2020, a change in the direct share ownership structure occurred. The former parent company LPE Capital B.V. has divindended out at that date all its shares in the Manager to her direct shareholders. As such the indirect shareholders in the Manager have become direct shareholders of the Manager per that date.

In the current ownership structure there are no persons with holdings >25%.

The Administrator has been merged with the Manager on 10 December 2021. The Administrator was since 5 January 2021 a 100% subsidiary of the Manager.
23.2 INFORMATION REGARDING THE DEPOSITARY

23.2.1 General information

The Depositary, CACEIS Bank S.A., Netherlands Branch has its registered office in Amsterdam in accordance with its articles of association. The Depositary is registered with the Chamber of Commerce and Industry in Amsterdam under number 67323944. The Depositary is part of Crédit Agricole S.A, an European leader in asset servicing.


23.2.2 Information on the daily policy makers of the Depositary

The following persons determine the daily policy of the Depositary in accordance with article 4:9 Wft:

Mr. S.A.J. van Katwijk;

Mr. M.R. Stoffels; and

Mr. C.P.P. Pierron.

The day-to-day management of the tasks and duties of the Depositary is executed by Mr. S.F. Plesman. The directors do not engage in any activities related to the portfolio and risk management of the Manager.

23.2.3 Formal or actual control structure in which the Depositary is affiliated with other persons

The Depositary is CACEIS Bank S.A., Netherlands Branch. In 2019 KAS BANK N.V. was acquired by CACEIS S.A., as result of which the depositary became CACEIS Bank S.A., Netherlands Branch. CACEIS is part of Crédit Agricole.

23.2.4 Financial Information and Audited Financial Statements

Based upon the latest audited financial statements the Depositary has met the requirements under articles 3:53 (minimum initial capital) and 3:57 (solvency) Wft.

The financial year of the Depositary coincides with the calendar year. Annual reports will become available prior to April 30 of the year following the pertinent financial year.

The lastest available audited financial statements of the Depositary are available on the Website of the Manager. These audited financial statements contain an available equity level which exceeds the minimum capital requirements. The annual reports of the Depositary as audited by an independent auditor, can be found on the Website of the Manager: www.fundshare.nl.

23.3 OTHER DATA

23.3.1 Data regarding the provision of information

- On a monthly basis, information on, among other things, the development of the value of the participations in the Sub-Fund is published in the Manager’s Website.

- Annually, or on a more frequent basis if the conditions of the Fund or the law so prescribe, a statement on the value of the participations and any movements in the number of participations held will be provided.

- The audit reports that have most recently been issued by the accountant with respect to the audited financial statements and containing the equity capital levels of both the Manager and/or Depositary are available on the Website.

- The articles of association, annual accounts and annual reports of the Manager and Depositary as well as the Semi-annual accounts of the Manager are also available on the Website. Upon request, copies of the aforementioned documents will be made available to participants in the Fund free of charge. On the Website up to date information with respect to the Manager can be found.

23.3.2 Data regarding the replacement of the Manager or the Depositary

The Depositary Agreement between the Manager and the Depositary is agreed upon for a period of three years. In the event that the Manager or the Depositary announces its intention to resign from its Fund related office or in the event that it is obliged to discontinue its activities, both may terminate the agreement in writing with due observance of a notice period as agreed in Depositary Agreement. The Manager has the right to terminate the Depositary Agreement with due observance of a notice period as agreed in the Depositary Agreement.

A copy of the written agreement between the Depositary and the Manager is available to the Participants for a maximum charge of the costs involved.
23.3.3 Withdrawal of the Fund Manager’s license

A request made by the Manager to the supervisor pursuant to article 1:104, section 1, subsection a. Wft to withdraw the Fund Manager’s license, will either be published in a national daily newspaper in the Netherlands or made known to each participant’s e-mail address and will also be published on the Manager’s Website.
Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

EUR Cash Fund
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Umbrella EUR Cash Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as ‘grey’ Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments for these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund qualifies as a Short-Term VNAV MMF, which can be used by the clients of investment firms to hold liquidity. Additionally, the Sub-Fund is set up as a Qualifying Money Market Fund. In line therewith, the investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to preserve the net asset value of the Sub-Fund at the value of the initial capital invested by the Participants plus earnings and offer returns in line with the EUR money market rates.

⚠️ The Sub-Fund is not a guaranteed investment and is different from an investment in deposits. The principal invested in the Sub-Fund is capable of fluctuation and the risk of loss of the principal is to be borne by the Participant. The Sub-Fund does not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund or stabilising the NAV per unit.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Funds’ capital is exclusively invested in high quality Authorised Administrations’ Money Market Instruments and ancillary Deposits in credit institutions. The maturities of such investments are selected in order to provide a high level of liquidity in the portfolio. All investments will be denominated in euro.

Investment Restrictions

1. Investments
   The Sub-Fund shall invest exclusively in:
   a) Money Market Instruments denominated in EUR; and
   b) Deposits held with credit institutions on an ancillary basis.

2. Ancillary cash
   The Sub-Fund may hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value as ancillary cash to service in- and outflow of Participants and to facilitate the reinvestment of proceeds from maturity and sale of money market instruments. The Sub-Fund shall not borrow or lend cash.

3. Currency
   All investments of the Sub-Fund shall be denominated in EUR.

4. Quality of money market instruments
   Investments in Money Market Instruments shall only be made when the Money Market Instrument is considered high quality according to the internal credit assessment procedure as developed by the Manager. A detailed description of this procedure can be found in section 7 of this Prospectus.

5. Diversification and concentration
   a) the Sub-Fund shall invest a maximum of 5% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body;
   b) by way of derogation from (a), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body provided that the total cumulative value of all Money Market Instruments held by the Sub-Fund in each issuing body in which it invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value does not exceed 40% of its total Portfolio Value;
   c) the Sub-Fund shall not combine investments in Deposits and Money Market Instruments, where to do so would result of an investment of more than 15% of its Portfolio Value in a single body:
   d) by way of derogation from subparagraphs (a) and (b), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 20% of its Portfolio Value in High Quality Covered Bonds and Covered Bonds issued by a single credit institution under the following conditions:

1 Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts under Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (18) or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating these limits.
i) where the Sub-Fund invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in these bonds issued by a single credit institution, the total value of those investments shall not exceed 60% of its Portfolio Value; and

ii) the investments in Covered Bonds which are not High Quality Covered bonds should remain in accordance with subparagraph (a) or (b);

e) the Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of the Money Market Instruments issued by a single body which is not issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by an Authorised Administration.

6. **Holding deposits with credit institutions**

Investments in Deposits mentioned in 1.b) shall be subject to the following conditions:

a) the Sub-Fund shall be able to withdraw any time the entire cash balance by giving prior notice of one working day;

b) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits which mature in no more than 12 months;

c) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits only at credit institutions which have their registered office in a Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in another state, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the regulator AFM as equivalent to those laid down in EU Law;

d) the Sub-Fund shall hold no more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with one single credit institution; and

e) the Sub-Fund shall hold a maximum of 40% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with credit institutions.

7. **Maturity**

The Sub-Fund shall comply on an on-going basis with the following portfolio restrictions:

a) the WAM of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 60 days;

b) the WAL of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 120 days;

c) at least 7.5% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Daily Maturing Investments; and

d) at least 15% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Weekly Maturing Investments.

**Investment risks**

The risks stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus.

**Credit Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in high quality short term money market instruments. Despite the fact that these instruments and the institutions who issue these instruments are deemed by the Manager to be of high creditworthiness, the risk remains that one or more of these instruments fail to repay principal, in which case the participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Interest Rate Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in short term money market instruments, the return of which is highly dependent on short term interest rates. In case of a sharp rise in short term interest rates, participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Fees and Expenses**

**Management fees**

The management fee is 0.09% annually. This fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12 of 0.09% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>September 5, 2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commencement Date</td>
<td>September 5, 2014</td>
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<tr>
<td>NAV per Participation at Commencement Date</td>
<td>EUR 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
<td>EUR</td>
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<td>Annual Management Fee</td>
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<tr>
<td>Performance Fee</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minimum Initial Subscription</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
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<tr>
<td>Min Required for Additional Subscription or Redemption</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classification</td>
<td>Short-Term VNAV MMF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valuation Day</td>
<td>Every Business Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trading Day</td>
<td>Every next Business Day after the Valuation Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cut-off Time for Subscription &amp; Redemption</td>
<td>24:00 hours each Business Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redemption Payment Period from Trading Day</td>
<td>Same day or, at the latest, next business day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

USD Cash Fund
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Umbrella USD Cash Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund qualifies as a Short-Term VNAV MMF, which can be used by the clients of investment firm DeGiro to hold liquidity. Additionally, the Sub-Fund is set up as a Qualifying Money Market Fund. In line therewith, the investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to preserve the net asset value of the Sub-Fund at the value of the initial capital invested by the Participants plus earnings and offer returns in line with the USD money market rates.

⚠ The Sub-Fund is not a guaranteed investment and is different from an investment in deposits. The principal invested in the Sub-Fund is capable of fluctuation and the risk of loss of the principal is to be borne by the Participant. The Sub-Fund does not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund or stabilising the NAV per unit.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Funds’ capital is exclusively invested in high quality Authorised Administrations’ Money Market Instruments and ancillary Deposits in credit institutions. The maturities of such investments are selected in order to provide a high level of liquidity in the portfolio. All investments will be denominated in USD.

Investment Restrictions

1. Investments
   The Sub-Fund shall invest exclusively in:
   a) Money Market Instruments denominated in USD; and
   b) Deposits held with credit institutions on an ancillary basis.

2. Ancillary cash
   The Sub-Fund may hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value as ancillary cash to service in- and outflow of Participants and to facilitate the reinvestment of proceeds from maturity and sale of money market instruments. The Sub-Fund shall not borrow or lend cash.

3. Currency
   All investments of the Sub-Fund shall be denominated in USD.

4. Quality of money market instruments
   Investments in Money Market Instruments shall only be made when the Money Market Instrument is considered high quality according to the internal credit assessment procedure as developed by the Manager. A detailed description of this procedure can be found in section 7 of this Prospectus.

5. Diversification and concentration:
   a) the Sub-Fund shall invest a maximum of 5% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body;
   b) by way of derogation from (a), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body provided that the total cumulative value of all Money Market Instruments held by the Sub-Fund in each issuing body in which it invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value does not exceed 40% of its total Portfolio Value;
   c) the Sub-Fund shall not combine investments in Deposits and Money Market Instruments, where to do so would result of an investment of more than 15% of its Portfolio Value in a single body:

1 Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts under Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (18) or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating these limits.
d) by way of derogation from subparagraphs (a) and (b), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 20% of its Portfolio Value in High Quality Covered Bonds and Covered Bonds issued by a single credit institution under the following conditions:
   i) where the Sub-Fund invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in these bonds issued by a single credit institution, the total value of those investments shall not exceed 60% of its Portfolio Value; and
   ii) the investments in Covered Bonds which are not High Quality Covered bonds should remains in accordance with subparagraph (a) or (b);

e) the Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of the Money Market Instruments issued by a single body which is not issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by an Authorised Administration.

6. **Holding deposits with credit institutions**

   Investments in Deposits mentioned in 1.b) shall be subject to the following conditions:
   a) the Sub-Fund shall be able to withdraw any time the entire cash balance by giving prior notice of one working day;
   b) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits only at credit institutions which have their registered office in a Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in another state, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the regulator AFM as equivalent to those laid down in EU Law;
   c) the Sub-Fund shall hold no more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with one single credit institution; and
   d) the Sub-Fund shall hold a maximum of 10% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with credit institutions.

7. **Maturity**

   The Sub-Fund shall comply on an on-going basis with the following portfolio restrictions:
   a) the WAM of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 60 days;
   b) the WAL of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 120 days;
   c) at least 7.5% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Daily Maturing Investments; and
   d) at least 15% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Weekly Maturing Investments.

8. **Derogation in investment restrictions**

   By way of derogation from paragraph 5 and as authorized by the AFM in accordance with article 17(7) of the MMFR, the Sub-Fund can invest up to 100% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the United States or by a public institution with regulatory authority in the United States. This is subject to the following criteria:
   a) the Sub-Fund holds money market instruments of at least six different issues by the issuer; and
   b) the Sub-Fund limits the investment in money market instruments from the same issue to a maximum of 30% of its Portfolio Value.

**Investment risks**

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus.

**Credit Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in high quality short term money market instruments. Despite the fact that these instruments and the institutions who issue these instruments are deemed by the Manager to be of high creditworthiness, the risk remains that one or more of these instruments fail to repay principal, in which case the participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Interest Rate Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in short term money market instruments, the return of which is highly dependent on short term interest rates. In case of a sharp rise in short term interest rates, participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Concentration Risk**

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 100% of its Portfolio Value in different money market instruments issued by the United States or by a public institution with regulatory authority in the United States.

**Fees and Expenses**

**Management fees**

The management fee is 0.09% annually. This fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 0.09% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

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<tr>
<th>Commencement Date</th>
<th>August 26, 2014</th>
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<tr>
<td>NAV per Participation at Commencement Date</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
<td>USD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Management Fee</td>
<td>0.09%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Performance Fee</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Initial Subscription</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
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<tr>
<td>Min Required for Additional Subscription or Redemption</td>
<td>No minimum</td>
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<tr>
<td>Business Day</td>
<td>Any day the Euronext Amsterdam is open for trading, except United States official bank holidays</td>
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<td>Classification</td>
<td>Short-Term VNAV MMF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valuation Day</td>
<td>Every Business Day</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trading Day</td>
<td>Every next Business Day after the Valuation Day</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cut-off Time for Subscription &amp; Redemption</td>
<td>24:00 hours each Business Day</td>
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<tr>
<td>Redemption Payment Period from Trading Day</td>
<td>Same day or, at the latest, next business day</td>
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Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

SEK Cash Fund
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Umbrella SEK Cash Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund qualifies as a Short-Term VNAV MMF, which can be used by the clients of investment firm DeGiro to hold liquidity. Additionally, the Sub-Fund is set up as a Qualifying Money Market Fund. In line therewith, the investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to preserve the net asset value of the Sub-Fund at the value of the initial capital invested by the Participants plus earnings and offer returns in line with the SEK money market rates.

The Sub-Fund is not a guaranteed investment and is different from an investment in deposits. The principal invested in the Sub-Fund is capable of fluctuation and the risk of loss of the principal is to be borne by the Participant. The Sub-Fund does not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund or stabilising the NAV per unit.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Funds’ capital is exclusively invested in high quality Money Market Instruments and ancillary Deposits in credit institutions. The maturities of such investments are selected in order to provide a high level of liquidity in the portfolio. All investments will be denominated in SEK.

Investment Restrictions

1. Investments
   The Sub-Fund shall invest exclusively in:
   a) Money Market Instruments denominated in SEK; and
   b) Deposits held with credit institutions, on an ancillary basis.

2. Ancillary cash
   The Sub-Fund may hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value as ancillary cash to service in- and outflow of Participants and to facilitate the reinvestment of proceeds from maturity and sale of money market instruments. The Sub-Fund shall not borrow or lend cash.

3. Currency
   All investments of the Sub-Fund shall be denominated in SEK.

4. Quality of money market instruments
   Investments in Money Market Instruments shall only be made when the Money Market Instrument is considered high quality according to the internal credit assessment procedure as developed by the Manager. A detailed description of this procedure can be found in section 7 of this Prospectus.

5. Diversification and concentration
   a) the Sub-Fund shall invest a maximum of 5% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body;
   b) by way of derogation from (a), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body provided that the total cumulative value of all Money Market Instruments held by the Sub-Fund in each issuing body in which it invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value does not exceed 40% of its total Portfolio Value;
   c) the Sub-Fund shall not combine investments in Deposits and Money Market Instruments, where to do so would result of an investment of more than 15% of its Portfolio Value in a single body;
   d) by way of derogation from subparagraphs (a) and (b), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 20% of its Portfolio Value in High Quality Covered Bonds and Covered Bonds issued by a single credit institution under the following conditions:

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1 Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts under Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (18) or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating these limits.
i) where the Sub-Fund invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in these bonds issued by a single credit institution, the total value of those investments shall not exceed 60% of its Portfolio Value; and

ii) the investments in Covered Bonds which are not High Quality Covered bonds should remain in accordance with subparagraph (a) or (b);

e) the Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of the Money Market Instruments issued by a single body which is not issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by an Authorised Administration.

6. **Holding deposits with credit institutions**

Investments in Deposits mentioned in 1.b) shall be subject to the following conditions:

a) the Sub-Fund shall be able to withdraw any time the entire cash balance by giving prior notice of one working day;

b) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits which mature in no more than 12 months;

c) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits only at credit institutions which have their registered office in a Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in another state, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered be as equivalent to those laid down in EU Law;

d) the Sub-Fund shall hold no more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with one single credit institution; and

e) the Sub-Fund shall hold a maximum of 40% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with credit institutions.

7. **Maturity**

The Sub-Fund shall comply on an on-going basis with the following portfolio restrictions:

a) the WAM of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 60 days;

b) the WAL of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 120 days;

c) at least 7.5% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Daily Maturing Investments; and

d) at least 15% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Weekly Maturing Investments.

**Investment risks**

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus.

**Credit Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in high quality short term money market instruments. Despite the fact that these instruments and the institutions who issue these instruments are deemed by the Manager to be of high creditworthiness, the risk remains that one or more of these instruments fail to repay principal, in which case the participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Interest Rate Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in short term money market instruments, the return of which is highly dependent on short term interest rates. In case of a sharp rise in short term interest rates, participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Fees and Expenses**

**Management fees**

The management fee is 0.09% annually. This fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 0.09% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

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<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
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<td>Annual Management Fee</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Classification</td>
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<td>Trading Day</td>
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<td>Cut-off Time for Subscription &amp; Redemption</td>
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<tr>
<td>Redemption Payment Period from Trading Day</td>
<td>Same day or, at the latest, next business day</td>
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</table>
Important information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Umbrella NOK Cash Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund qualifies as a Short-Term VNAV MMF, which can be used by the clients of investment firm DeGiro to hold liquidity. Additionally, the Sub-Fund is set up as a Qualifying Money Market Fund. In line therewith, the investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to preserve the net asset value of the Sub-Fund at the value of the initial capital invested by the Participants plus earnings and offer returns in line with the NOK money market rates.

⚠ The Sub-Fund is not a guaranteed investment and is different from an investment in deposits. The principal invested in the Sub-Fund is capable of fluctuation and the risk of loss of the principal is to be borne by the Participant. The Sub-Fund does not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund or stabilising the NAV per unit.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Funds’ capital is exclusively invested in high quality Money Market Instruments and ancillary Deposits in credit institutions. The maturities of such investments are selected in order to provide a high level of liquidity in the portfolio. All investments will be denominated in NOK.

Investment Restrictions

1. Investments
   The Sub-Fund shall invest exclusively in:
   a) Money Market Instruments denominated in NOK; and
   b) Deposits held with credit institutions, on an ancillary basis.

2. Ancillary cash
   The Sub-Fund may hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value as ancillary cash to service in- and outflow of Participants and to facilitate the reinvestment of proceeds from maturity and sale of money market instruments. The Sub-Fund shall not borrow or lend cash.

3. Currency
   All investments of the Sub-Fund shall be denominated in NOK.

4. Quality of money market instruments
   Investments in Money Market Instruments shall only be made when the Money Market Instrument is considered high quality according to the internal credit assessment procedure as developed by the Manager. A detailed description of this procedure can be found in section 7 of this Prospectus.

5. Diversification and concentration
   a) the Sub-Fund shall invest a maximum of 5% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body;¹
   b) by way of derogation from (a), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body provided that the total cumulative value of all Money Market Instruments held by the Sub-Fund in each issuing body in which it invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value does not exceed 40% of its total Portfolio Value;
   c) the Sub-Fund shall not combine investments in Deposits and Money Market Instruments, where to do so would result of an investment of more than 15% of its Portfolio Value in a single body;¹
   d) by way of derogation from subparagraphs (a) and (b), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 20% of its Portfolio Value in High Quality Covered Bonds and Covered Bonds issued by a single credit institution under the following conditions:

¹ Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts under Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (18) or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating these limits.
i) where the Sub-Fund invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in these bonds issued by a single credit institution, the total value of those investments shall not exceed 60% of its Portfolio Value; and

ii) the investments in Covered Bonds which are not High Quality Covered bonds should remain in accordance with subparagraph (a) or (b);

c) the Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of the Money Market Instruments issued by a single body which is not issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by an Authorised Administration.

6. **Holding deposits with credit institutions**

   Investments in Deposits mentioned in 1.b) shall be subject to the following conditions:

   a) the Sub-Fund shall be able to withdraw any time the entire cash balance by giving prior notice of one working day;

   b) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits which mature in no more than 12 months;

   c) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits only at credit institutions which have their registered office in a Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in another state, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the regulator AFM as equivalent to those laid down in EU Law;

   d) the Sub-Fund shall hold no more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with one single credit institution; and

   e) the Sub-Fund shall hold a maximum of 40% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with credit institutions.

7. **Maturity**

   The Sub-Fund shall comply on an on-going basis with the following portfolio restrictions:

   a) the WAM of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 60 days;

   b) the WAL of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 120 days;

   c) at least 7.5% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Daily Maturing Investments; and

   d) at least 15% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Weekly Maturing Investments.

**Investment risks**

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus.

**Credit Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in high quality short term money market instruments. Despite the fact that these instruments and the institutions who issue these instruments are deemed by the Manager to be of high creditworthiness, the risk remains that one or more of these instruments fail to repay principal, in which case the participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Interest Rate Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in short term money market instruments, the return of which is highly dependent on short term interest rates. In case of a sharp rise in short term interest rates, participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Fees and Expenses**

**Management fees**

The management fee is 0.09% annually. This fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12 of 0.09% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

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<td>Classification</td>
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Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

DKK Cash Fund
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Umbrella DKK Cash Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund qualifies as a Short-Term VNAV MMF, which can be used by the clients of investment firm DeGiro to hold liquidity. Additionally, the Sub-Fund is set up as a Qualifying Money Market Fund. In line therewith, the investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to preserve the net asset value of the Sub-Fund at the value of the initial capital invested by the Participants plus earnings and offer returns in line with the DKK money market rates.

⚠ The Sub-Fund is not a guaranteed investment and is different from an investment in deposits. The principal invested in the Sub-Fund is capable of fluctuation and the risk of loss of the principal is to be borne by the Participant. The Sub-Fund does not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund or stabilising the NAV per unit.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Funds’ capital is exclusively invested in high quality Money Market Instruments and ancillary Deposits in credit institutions. The maturities of such investments are selected in order to provide a high level of liquidity in the portfolio. All investments will be denominated in DKK.

Investment Restrictions

1. **Investments**

   The Sub-Fund shall invest exclusively in:
   - Money Market Instruments denominated in DKK; and
   - Deposits held with credit institutions, on an ancillary basis.

2. **Ancillary cash**

   The Sub-Fund may hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value as ancillary cash to service in- and outflow of Participants and to facilitate the reinvestment of proceeds from maturity and sale of money market instruments. The Sub-Fund shall not borrow or lend cash.

3. **Currency**

   All investments of the Sub-Fund shall be denominated in DKK.

4. **Quality of money market instruments**

   Investments in Money Market Instruments shall only be made when the Money Market Instrument is considered high quality according to the internal credit assessment procedure as developed by the Manager. A detailed description of this procedure can be found in section 7 of this Prospectus.

5. **Diversification and concentration**

   a) the Sub-Fund shall invest a maximum of 5% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body¹;
   b) by way of derogation from (a), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body provided that the total cumulative value of all Money Market Instruments held by the Sub-Fund in each issuing body in which it invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value does not exceed 40% of its total Portfolio Value;
   c) the Sub-Fund shall not combine investments in Deposits and Money Market Instruments, where to do so would result of an investment of more than 15% of its Portfolio Value in a single body¹;
   d) by way of derogation from subparagraphs (a) and (b), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 20% of its Portfolio Value in High Quality Covered Bonds and Covered Bonds issued by a single credit institution under the following conditions:

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¹ Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts under Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (18) or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating these limits.
Supplement DKK Cash Fund

i) where the Sub-Fund invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in these bonds issued by a single credit institution, the total value of those investments shall not exceed 60% of its Portfolio Value; and

ii) the investments in Covered Bonds which are not High Quality Covered bonds should remains in accordance with subparagraph (a) or (b);

c) the Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of the Money Market Instruments issued by a single body which is not issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by an Authorised Administration.

6. **Holding deposits with credit institutions**

Investments in Deposits mentioned in 1.b) shall be subject to the following conditions:

a) the Sub-Fund shall be able to withdraw any time the entire cash balance by giving prior notice of one working day;

b) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits which mature in no more than 12 months;

c) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits only at credit institutions which have their registered office in a Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in another state, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the regulator AFM as equivalent to those laid down in EU Law;

d) the Sub-Fund shall hold no more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with one single credit institution; and

e) the Sub-Fund shall hold a maximum of 40% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with credit institutions.

7. **Maturity**

The Sub-Fund shall comply on an on-going basis with the following portfolio restrictions:

a) the WAM of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 60 days;

b) the WAL of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 120 days;

c) at least 7.5% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Daily Maturing Investments; and

d) at least 15% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Weekly Maturing Investments.

**Investment risks**

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus.

**Credit Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in high quality short term money market instruments. Despite the fact that these instruments and the institutions who issue these instruments are deemed by the Manager to be of high creditworthiness, the risk remains that one or more of these instruments fail to repay principal, in which case the participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Interest Rate Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in short term money market instruments, the return of which is highly dependent on short term interest rates. In case of a sharp rise in short term interest rates, participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Fees and Expenses**

**Management fees**

The management fee is 0.09% annually. This fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 0.09% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

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Important information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Umbrella GBP Cash Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund qualifies as a Short-Term VNAV MMF, which can be used by the clients of investment firm DeGiro to hold liquidity. Additionally, the Sub-Fund is set up as a Qualifying Money Market Fund. In line therewith, the investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to preserve the net asset value of the Sub-Fund at the value of the initial capital invested by the Participants plus earnings and offer returns in line with the GBP money market rates.

The Sub-Fund is not a guaranteed investment and is different from an investment in deposits. The principal invested in the Sub-Fund is capable of fluctuation and the risk of loss of the principal is to be borne by the Participant. The Sub-Fund does not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund or stabilising the NAV per unit.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Funds’ capital is exclusively invested in high quality Money Market Instruments and ancillary Deposits in credit institutions. The maturities of such investments are selected in order to provide a high level of liquidity in the portfolio. All investments will be denominated in GBP.

Investment Restrictions

1. Investments
   The Sub-Fund shall invest exclusively in:
   a) Money Market Instruments denominated in GBP; and
   b) Deposits held with credit institutions, on an ancillary basis.

2. Ancillary cash
   The Sub-Fund may hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value as ancillary cash to service in- and outflow of Participants and to facilitate the reinvestment of proceeds from maturity and sale of money market instruments. The Sub-Fund shall not borrow or lend cash.

3. Currency
   All investments of the Sub-Fund shall be denominated in GBP.

4. Quality of money market instruments
   Investments in Money Market Instruments shall only be made when the Money Market Instrument is considered high quality according to the internal credit assessment procedure as developed by the Manager. A detailed description of this procedure can be found in section 7 of this Prospectus.

5. Diversification and concentration
   a) the Sub-Fund shall invest a maximum of 5% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body;
   b) by way of derogation from (a), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body provided that the total cumulative value of all Money Market Instruments held by the Sub-Fund in each issuing body in which it invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value does not exceed 40% of its total Portfolio Value;
   c) the Sub-Fund shall not combine investments in Deposits and Money Market Instruments, where to do so would result of an investment of more than 15% of its Portfolio Value in a single body;
   d) by way of derogation from subparagraphs (a) and (b), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 20% of its Portfolio Value in High Quality Covered Bonds and Covered Bonds issued by a single credit institution under the following conditions:

---

1 Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts under Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (18) or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating these limits
i) where the Sub-Fund invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in these bonds issued by a single credit institution, the total value of those investments shall not exceed 60% of its Portfolio Value; and

ii) the investments in Covered Bonds which are not High Quality Covered bonds should remain in accordance with subparagraph (a) or (b);

e) the Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of the Money Market Instruments issued by a single body which is not issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by an Authorised Administration.

6. **Holding deposits with credit institutions**

Investments in Deposits mentioned in 1.b) shall be subject to the following conditions:

a) the Sub-Fund shall be able to withdraw any time the entire cash balance by giving prior notice of one working day;

b) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits which mature in no more than 12 months;

c) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits only at credit institutions which have their registered office in a Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in another state, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the regulator AFM as equivalent to those laid down in EU Law;

d) the Sub-Fund shall hold no more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with one single credit institution; and

e) the Sub-Fund shall hold a maximum of 40% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with credit institutions.

7. **Maturity**

The Sub-Fund shall comply on an on-going basis with the following portfolio restrictions:

a) the WAM of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 60 days;

b) the WAL of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 120 days;

c) at least 7.5% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Daily Maturing Investments; and

d) at least 15% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Weekly Maturing Investments.

8. **Derogation in investment restrictions**

By way of derogation from paragraph 5 and as authorized by the AFM in accordance with article 17(7) of the MMFR, the Sub-Fund can invest up to 100% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the United Kingdom or by a public institution with regulatory authority in the United Kingdom. This is subject to the following criteria:

a) the Sub-Fund holds money market instruments of at least six different issues by the issuer; and

b) the Sub-Fund limits the investment in money market instruments from the same issue to a maximum of 30% of its Portfolio Value.

**Investment risks**

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus.

**Credit Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in high quality short term money market instruments. Despite the fact that these instruments and the institutions who issue these instruments are deemed by the Manager to be of high creditworthiness, the risk remains that one or more of these instruments fail to repay principal, in which case the participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Interest Rate Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in short term money market instruments, the return of which is highly dependent on short term interest rates. In case of a sharp rise in short term interest rates, participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Concentration Risk**

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 100% of its Portfolio Value in different money market instruments issued by the United Kingdom or by a public institution with regulatory authority in the United Kingdom.

**Fees and Expenses**

**Management fees**

The management fee is 0.09% annually. This fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12 of 0.09% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.
# Fund Characteristics

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<td><strong>Min Required for Additional Subscription or Redemption</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Business Day</strong></td>
<td>Any day the Euronext Amsterdam is open for trading, except United Kingdom official bank holidays</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Classification</strong></td>
<td>Short-Term VNAV MMF</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Valuation Day</strong></td>
<td>Every Business Day</td>
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<td><strong>Trading Day</strong></td>
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Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

CHF Cash Fund
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Umbrella CHF Cash Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund qualifies as a Short-Term VNAV MMF, which can be used by the clients of investment firm DeGiro to hold liquidity. Additionally, the Sub-Fund is set up as a Qualifying Money Market Fund. In line therewith, the investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to preserve the net asset value of the Sub-Fund at the value of the initial capital invested by the Participants plus earnings and offer returns in line with the CHF money market rates.

⚠ The Sub-Fund is not a guaranteed investment and is different from an investment in deposits. The principal invested in the Sub-Fund is capable of fluctuation and the risk of loss of the principal is to be borne by the Participant. The Sub-Fund does not rely on external support for guaranteeing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund or stabilising the NAV per unit.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Funds’ capital is exclusively invested in high quality Money Market Instruments and ancillary Deposits in credit institutions. The maturities of such investments are selected in order to provide a high level of liquidity in the portfolio. All investments will be denominated in CHF.

Investment Restrictions

1. Investments
   The Sub-Fund shall invest exclusively in:
   a) Money Market Instruments denominated in CHF; and
   b) Deposits held with credit institutions, on an ancillary basis.

2. Ancillary cash
   The Sub-Fund may hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value as ancillary cash to service in- and outflow of Participants and to facilitate the reinvestment of proceeds from maturity and sale of money market instruments. The Sub-Fund shall not borrow or lend cash.

3. Currency
   All investments of the Sub-Fund shall be denominated in CHF.

4. Quality of money market instruments
   Investments in Money Market Instruments shall only be made when the Money Market Instrument is considered high quality according to the internal credit assessment procedure as developed by the Manager. A detailed description of this procedure can be found in section 7 of this Prospectus.

5. Diversification and concentration
   a) the Sub-Fund shall invest a maximum of 5% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body1;
   b) by way of derogation from (a), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the same body provided that the total cumulative value of all Money Market Instruments held by the Sub-Fund in each issuing body in which it invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value does not exceed 40% of its total Portfolio Value;
   c) the Sub-Fund shall not combine investments in Deposits and Money Market Instruments, where to do so would result of an investment of more than 15% of its Portfolio Value in a single body1;
   d) by way of derogation from subparagraphs (a) and (b), the Sub-Fund may invest up to 20% of its Portfolio Value in High Quality Covered Bonds and Covered Bonds issued by a single credit institution under the following conditions:
      i) where the Sub-Fund invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in these bonds issued by a single credit institution, the total value of those investments shall not exceed 60% of its Portfolio Value; and

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1 Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts under Directive 2013/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (18) or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating these limits.
ii) the investments in Covered Bonds which are not High Quality Covered bonds should remain in accordance with subparagraph (a) or (b);

c) the Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of the Money Market Instruments issued by a single body which is not issued or guaranteed separately or jointly by an Authorised Administration.

6. **Holding deposits with credit institutions**

Investments in Deposits mentioned in 1.b) shall be subject to the following conditions:

a) the Sub-Fund shall be able to withdraw any time the entire cash balance by giving prior notice of one working day;

b) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits which mature in no more than 12 months;

c) the Sub-Fund shall hold Deposits only at credit institutions which have their registered office in a Member State or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in another state, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the regulator AFM as equivalent to those laid down in EU Law;

d) the Sub-Fund shall hold no more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with one single credit institution; and

e) the Sub-Fund shall hold a maximum of 40% of its Portfolio Value in Deposits with credit institutions.

7. **Maturity**

The Sub-Fund shall comply on an on-going basis with the following portfolio restrictions:

a) the WAM of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 60 days;

b) the WAL of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund shall be no more than 120 days;

c) at least 7.5% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Daily Maturing Investments; and

d) at least 15% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in Weekly Maturing Investments.

8. **Derogation in investment restrictions**

By way of derogation from paragraph 5 and as authorized by the AFM in accordance with article 17(7) of the MMFR, the Sub-Fund can invest up to 100% of its Portfolio Value in Money Market Instruments issued by the Swiss Confederation or by a public institution with regulatory authority in the Swiss Confederation. This is subject to the following criteria:

a) the Sub-Fund holds money market instruments of at least six different issues by the issuer; and

b) the Sub-Fund limits the investment in money market instruments from the same issue to a maximum of 30% of its Portfolio Value.

**Investment risks**

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus.

**Credit Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in high quality short term money market instruments. Despite the fact that these instruments and the institutions who issue these instruments are deemed by the Manager to be of high creditworthiness, the risk remains that one or more of these instruments fail to repay principal, in which case the participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Interest Rate Risk**

The Sub-Fund invests in short term money market instruments, the return of which is highly dependent on short term interest rates. In case of a sharp rise in short term interest rates, participations in the Sub-Fund may lose value.

**Concentration Risk**

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 100% of its Portfolio Value in different money market instruments issued by the Swiss Confederation or by a public institution with regulatory authority in the Swiss Confederation.

**Fees and Expenses**

**Management fees**

The management fee is 0.09% annually. This fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12 of 0.09% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

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<tr>
<th>Commencement Date</th>
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<tr>
<td>NAV per Participation at Commencement Date</td>
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<td><strong>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Annual Management Fee</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Performance Fee</strong></td>
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Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Stroeve Beheerd Beleggen Groei (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund aims to manage a well-diversified portfolio of equity and other exchange traded risky assets in different countries and sectors. The Sub-Fund has the objective that the performance should be at least in line with the MSCI All Country index.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Fund will invest mainly in the equity of companies that will be selected based on one or more of the following methods/criteria:

- debt/assets ratio;
- price to book ratio;
- discounted cash flow;
- free cash flow per share; and
- dividend.

A part (up to 30%) of the Sub-Fund will be invested in equity or investment funds having exposure towards other exchange traded risky assets like commodity funds, emerging markets, exchange traded real estate funds and structured notes. Both equity and other exposure can be a result of directly holding stocks or taking positions in exchange traded funds (ETFs) or regulated investment funds that are not exchange traded.

Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund can invest in open-end fixed income Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) for which a look-through will be applied in regards to the following investment restrictions.
  - The ETF shall be a collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS and the Sub-Fund shall invest:
    - Not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value per single ETF;
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest between 75% to 100% of its Portfolio Value in equities
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest between 75% to 100% of its Portfolio Value in equities
    - Of which at least 85% have a market capitalization of EUR 1 billion or more;
    - Of which at least 5% of the outstanding amount of shares of one ETF
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 25% of its Portfolio Value in assets other than equities.
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest in at least 8 of the ICB Supersectors.
  - A single asset’s position shall not exceed 25% of the asset’s daily volume traded 50 days average.
  - The Sub-Fund is allowed to hold up to 15% of its Portfolio Value in Cash (or Cash Funds) in order to service inflow and outflow.
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in assets of a single issuer.
    - This is raised to no more than 20% of its Portfolio Value in the case of a consolidated group (counted as single issuer).

1 Determined by the Country of Risk of the asset.
2 Unless exceptional circumstances where inflow/outflow requires more than 20% of the Portfolio Value in ancillary cash.
• The Sub-Fund may invest max 40% of its Portfolio Value in holdings of securities of a single issuer of 5% and more.
• The Sub-Fund shall not hold more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in AIFs funds (including AIFs ETF) and other non-UCITS collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS (as specified in Bgfo 130.d and 130.e);
• The portfolio turnover ratio shall not be more than 10 times annually.
Investment risks
The risks stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus.

Currency Risk
A large portion of the Sub-Funds asset will be held in foreign currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorates compared to the Sub-Funds base currency, this will have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds’ assets.

Risk of timing
The Operating Company can decide to use up to 30% of the NAV for market timing. If, after the exposure is reduced to 70% of the NAV, the markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can “miss” the returns of this market upside.

Operating Company
Stroeve & Lemberger Vermogensbeheer N.V. is the Operating Company. The Operating Company receives maximum 85% of the management fee.

Fees and expense structure
Management fee
The management fee is 1.3% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 1.3% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

Operating and other expenses
All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

Fund Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristics</th>
<th>Details</th>
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<tr>
<td>NAV per Participation at Commencement Date</td>
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<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
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<td>Annual Management Fee</td>
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<td>Performance Fee</td>
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<td>Cut-off Time for Subscription &amp; Redemption</td>
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<td>Redemption Payment Period from Trading Day</td>
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Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

Stroeve Beheerd Beleggen Behoud Fund
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
**Important Information**

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Stroeve Beheerd Beleggen Behoud (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

**Sustainability classification**

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

**Investment objective**

The Sub-Fund aims to manage a well-diversified portfolio of mainly Euro denominated corporate and government bonds, fixed income investment funds and (partly) guaranteed structured notes in order to preserve capital and / or to generate income. The Sub-Fund has the objective that the performance should be at least in line with the Bloomberg Barclays EuroAgg Total Return Index.

**Investment policy and techniques**

The Sub-Fund will invest predominately in investment grade corporate bonds, government bonds and fixed income funds, while keeping a small portion of the investment in High-Yield bonds. Up to 25% may be invested in guaranteed notes.

The liquidity of all investments is considered to be an important factor in the selection process. Additionally, the valuation and credit risk have weight in its selection process.

**Restrictions on investments**

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund can invest in open-end fixed income Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) and investment funds for which a look-through1 will be applied in regards to the following investment restrictions.
  - The ETF shall be a collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS and the Sub-Fund shall invest:
    - Not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value per single ETF;
    - Not more than 25% of its Portfolio Value per ETF’s fund manager; and
    - Not more than 5% of the outstanding amount of shares of one ETF;
- The Sub-Fund shall invest between 75% to 100% of its Portfolio Value in corporate and government bonds:
  - Of which at least 99% shall have a nominal outstanding amount of EUR 50 million or higher;
  - Of which at least 90% shall have a nominal outstanding amount of EUR 100 million or higher; and
  - Of which at least 85% shall have a nominal outstanding amount of EUR 250 million or higher.
  - Of which at least 90% shall be invested in bonds rate B- or higher2;
  - At least 60% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested in investment grade bonds2;
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 25% of its Portfolio Value in structured notes which payoff is guaranteed for at least 90% and which the issue it belongs is investment grade2.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 15% of its Portfolio Value in structures notes which payoff is less than 100% guaranteed3.
- The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 20% of the Portfolio Value in cash4 to service in and outflow or market timing.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in a single holding.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 10% of the Portfolio Value in corporate bonds of a single issuer.
  - This is raised to no more than 20% of its Portfolio Value in the case of a consolidated group (counted as single issuer).
- The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 35% of the Portfolio Value in government bonds of a single issuer (Dutch and German state).
- The Sub-Fund may hold up to 10% of the bonds of an issuer.
- The Sub-Fund may invest max 40% of its Portfolio Value in holdings of securities of a single issuer of 5% and more.

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1 If no look-through is possible for an investment fund (e.g. due to lack of data), the Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in those funds.
2 According to the current best rating of the four agencies Moody’s, S&P, DBRS and Fitch.
3 It can be possible that the guarantee is offered through collateral which limits the counterparty risk.
4 Or cash equivalent (i.e. including Fundshare cash funds)
• The Sub-Fund shall not hold more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in AIFs funds (including AIFs ETF) and other non-UCITS collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS (as specified in Bgfo 130.d and 130.e);
• The portfolio turnover ratio shall not be more than 4 times annually.
• At least 75% of the Portfolio shall be Euro denominated.

Investment risks
The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable are stated in the Base Prospectus:

Sector Concentration Risk
As there are no restrictions on the sector for the bonds, the Sub-Fund can have a concentrated credit exposure towards one sector.

Risk of timing
The Operating Company can decide to hold cash for market timing. If, after the exposure is reduced, the markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can “miss” the returns of the market upside.

Operating Company
Stroeve & Lemberger Vermogensbeheer N.V. is the Operating Company. The Operating Company receives maximum 85% of the management fee.

Fees and expense structure
Management fee
The management fee is 0.65% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12 of 0.65% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

Operating and other expenses
All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

Fund Characteristics

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Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

FundsShare

Sequoia Familie Aandelen Fonds
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
**Important Information**

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Sequoia Familie Aandelen Fonds (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

**Sustainability classification**

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

**Investment objective**

The Sub-Fund will offer investors exposure to equities of companies in which (founding) families hold a considerable stake. Worldwide, many family-owned businesses are successful companies, contributing enormously to for example employment or social networks. When listed, these companies often have an excellent performance track record. The Sub-Fund has the objective to invest in listed family businesses in Europe and North America. In the longer term, performance should be at least in line with the Global Family Business Index.

**Investment policy and techniques**

Most investments will be held for the medium term. The portfolio will be selected from an investment universe of listed equities of family owned businesses (companies which more than 30% of the voting rights are held directly or indirectly by a family), in Europe and North America. The percentage of ownership of the family, market capitalization, daily liquidity on the equity market and the equity price are criteria in the selection process. Furthermore, a fundamental view, valuation and momentum of the equities are taken into account and reviewed regularly.

For the longer term, the Sub-Fund will hold several core holdings, which have proven to be excellent investment companies. As these companies invest in a number of equities, this adds diversification to the Sub-Fund.

**Restrictions on investments**

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund can invest in open-end Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) for which a look-through will be applied in regards to the following investment restrictions.
  - The ETF shall be a collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS and the Sub-Fund shall invest:
    - Not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value per single ETF;
    - Not more than 35% of its Portfolio Value per ETF’s fund manager; and
    - Not more than 10% of the outstanding amount of shares of one ETF
- The Sub-Fund shall not hold more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in AIFs funds (including AIFs ETF) and other non-UCITS collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS (as specified in Bgfo 130.d and 130.e);
- The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 80% and maximum 100% of its Portfolio Value in equities
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value in investment funds (here defined as collective investment schemes excluding ETFs), bonds and money market instruments
- The Sub-Fund shall not have more than 20% of its Portfolio Value in cash or Cash Funds
- The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in securities and money market instruments issued by a single entity
  - Except if the security or money market instrument is issued or guaranteed by a Member-State, then no more than 35% of the Portfolio Value shall be invested in securities issued or guaranteed by a single Member-State.
  - Except if the security or money market instrument is a covered bond issued by a bank established in The Netherlands, then no more than 25% of the Portfolio Value can be invested in those bonds per issuer.
- At least 60% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in North America or Western Europe
  - At least 20% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in North America
  - At least 20% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in Western Europe
- A single asset’s position shall not exceed 50% of the asset’s daily volume traded 6 months average on the primary exchange
- The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 5% of the value of its equities in companies which market capitalization is less than 250 million euros
• The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 40% of the value of its equities in companies which market capitalization is more than 1 billion euros
• The portfolio turnover shall not exceed 250% of the Sub-Fund’s Portfolio Value yearly.

**Investment risks**

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable are stated in the Base Prospectus:

**Sector Concentration Risk**

As there are no restrictions on the sector, the Sub-Fund can have a concentrated exposure towards one sector.

**Currency Risk**

A large portion of the Sub-Funds asset will be held in foreign currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorates compared to the Sub-Funds base currency, this will have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds assets.

**Risk of timing**

The Operating Company can decide to hold cash or cash-equivalent for market timing. If, after the exposure is reduced, the markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can “miss” the returns of the market upside.

**Operating Company**

Sequoia Vermogensbeheer N.V. is the Operating Company. The Operating Company receives maximum 85% of the management fee.

**Fees and expense structure**

**Management fee**

The management fee is 1.15% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 1.15% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

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<td>3 Business Days</td>
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Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

Sequoia Obligatie Fonds
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Sequoia Obligatie Fonds (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund will offer investors exposure to the fixed income market by managing a well-diversified portfolio of listed bonds, money market instruments and/or exchange traded funds (ETFs). The portfolio can be invested in bonds or money market instruments issued by governments, supra-nationals or by companies. It will select investments on a fundamentally based view. The Sub-Fund can invest in all maturities, depending on this view. Tactical shifts in allocations are made to improve the Sub-Fund return, while the risk of the Sub-Fund will be in line with the Bloomberg Barclays Euro Aggregate Bond Index.

Investment policy and techniques

Investments will generally be held for a medium to longer term. The portfolio will consist of both government (or government related) and corporate bonds, denominated in hard currencies, especially euros. The Sub-Fund can tactically change this mix, as well as the distribution over maturities or regions when this is appropriate regarding economic developments. This implies that positions in emerging markets can be part of the portfolio. In order to get exposure in multiple bonds of a specific segment/sector/geographic area and optimizing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund; the Sub-Fund can make use of ETFs while considering that the costs of the ETF issuer can be higher than selecting individual bonds.

The liquidity of all investments is considered to be an important factor in the selection process. Additionally, the valuation and credit risk have weight in its selection process.

Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund can invest in open-end Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) for which a look-through will be applied in regards to the following investment restrictions.
  - The ETF shall be a collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS and the Sub-Fund shall invest:
    - Not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value per single ETF;
    - Not more than 35% of its Portfolio Value per ETF’s fund manager; and
    - Not more than 10% of the outstanding amount of shares of one ETF.
  - The Sub-Fund shall not hold more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in AIFs funds (including AIFs ETF) and other non-UCITS collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS (as specified in Bgfo 130.d and 130.e);
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 70% and maximum 100% of its Portfolio Value in bonds and money market Instruments
    - Of which at least 30% of the value shall have a time to maturity below 15 Years; and
    - Of which at least 50% of the value shall be investment grade
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in investment funds (here defined as collective investment schemes excluding ETFs)
  - The Sub-Fund shall not have more than 20% of its Portfolio Value in cash or Cash Funds
  - The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in securities and money market instruments issued by a single entity
    - Except if the security or money market instrument is issued or guaranteed by a Member-State, then no more than 35% of the Portfolio Value shall be invested in securities issued or guaranteed by a single Member-State.
    - Except if the security or money market instrument is a covered bond issued by a bank established in The Netherlands, then no more than 25% of the Portfolio Value can be invested in those bonds per issuer.

1 According to the current best rating of the four agencies Moody’s, S&P, DBRS and Fitch.
• At least 75% of the Sub-Fund’s Portfolio Value shall be invested in EUR, GBP, USD, JPY, CHF, AUD or CAD denominated assets
  o At least 50% of the Sub-Fund’s Portfolio Value shall be invested in EUR denominated assets
• At least 60% of the bonds or money market instruments value shall have their issuer’s country of risk in developed countries
  o At least 20% of the bonds or money market instruments value shall have their issuer’s country of risk in Western Europe
  o A maximum of 50% of the bonds or money market instruments value shall have their issuer’s country of risk in North America
  o A maximum of 50% of the bonds or money market instruments value shall have their issuer’s country of risk in Asia Pacific
• The portfolio turnover shall not exceed 250% of the Sub-Fund’s Portfolio Value yearly.

**Investment risks**

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable are stated in the Base Prospectus:

**Sector Concentration Risk**
As there are no restrictions on the sector for the bonds, the Sub-Fund can have a concentrated credit exposure towards one sector.

**Currency Risk**
A large portion of the Sub-Funds’ assets will be held in foreign currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorates compared to the Sub-Funds base currency, this will have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds’ assets.

**Risk of timing**
The Operating Company can decide to hold cash or cash-equivalent for market timing. If, after the exposure is reduced, the markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can “miss” the returns of the market upside.

**Operating Company**
Sequoia Vermogensbeheer N.V. is the Operating Company. The Operating Company receives maximum 85% of the management fee.

**Fees and expense structure**

**Management fee**
The management fee is 1.15% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 1.15% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**
All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

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<tr>
<th>Fund Characteristic</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<td>Commencement Date</td>
<td>January 7, 2019</td>
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<tr>
<td>NAV per Participation at Commencement Date</td>
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<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
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Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

Sequoia Wereld Aandelen Fonds
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Sequoia Wereld Aandelen Fonds (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund will offer investors exposure to the global equity market by managing a well-diversified portfolio of listed equities and/or exchange traded funds (ETFs). It will select investments on a fundamentally based view. The Sub-Fund aims to achieve capital appreciation on a longer term. Tactical shifts in allocation are made to improve the Sub-Fund return, while the risk of the Sub-Fund will be in line with the FTSE All-World Index.

Investment policy and techniques

Investments will generally be held for a medium to longer term. The portfolio will consist of companies in developed countries worldwide. In order to get exposure in multiple equities of a specific segment/sector/geographic area and optimizing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund; the Sub-Fund can make use of ETFs while considering that the costs of the ETF issuer can be higher than selecting individual equities. When appropriate regarding economic developments, the Sub-Fund can tactically invest in smaller cap companies or change the geographical distribution. This implies that positions in emerging markets can be part of the portfolio.

The liquidity of all investments is considered to be an important factor in the selection process. Additionally, the valuation and credit risk have weight in its selection process.

Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund can invest in open-end Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) for which a look-through will be applied in regards to the following investment restrictions.
  - The ETF shall be a collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS and the Sub-Fund shall invest:
    - Not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value per single ETF;
    - Not more than 35% of its Portfolio Value per ETF’s fund manager; and
    - Not more than 10% of the outstanding amount of shares of one ETF
- The Sub-Fund shall not hold more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in AIWs funds (including AIWs ETF) and other non-UCITS collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS (as specified in Bgfo 130.d and 130.e) ;
- The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 70% and maximum 100% of its Portfolio Value in Equities
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in investment funds (here defined as collective investment schemes excluding ETFs), bonds and money market instruments
- The Sub-Fund shall not have more than 20% of its Portfolio Value in cash or Cash Funds
- The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in securities and money market instruments issued by a single entity
  - Except if the security or money market instrument is issued or guaranteed by a Member-State, then no more than 35% of the Portfolio Value shall be invested in securities issued or guaranteed by a single Member-State.
  - Except if the security or money market instrument is a covered bond issued by a bank established in The Netherlands, then no more than 25% of the Portfolio Value can be invested in those bonds per issuer.
- At least 60% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in developed countries
  - At least 20% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in North America
  - At least 20% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in Western Europe
  - At least 5% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in Asia Pacific
- A single asset’s position shall not exceed 60% of the asset’s daily volume traded 6 months average on the primary exchange
• The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of the value of its equities in companies which market capitalization is less than 250 million euros
• The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 45% of the value of its equities in companies which market capitalization is more than 1 billion euros
• The portfolio turnover shall not exceed 250% of the Sub-Fund’s Portfolio Value yearly.

Investment risks
The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable are stated in the Base Prospectus:

Sector Concentration Risk
As there are no restrictions on the sector, the Sub-Fund can have a concentrated exposure towards one sector.

Currency Risk
A large portion of the Sub-Funds’ assets will be held in foreign currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorates compared to the Sub-Funds base currency, this will have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds’ assets.

Risk of timing
The Operating Company can decide to hold cash or cash-equivalent for market timing. If, after the exposure is reduced, the markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can “miss” the returns of the market upside.

Operating Company
Sequoia Vermogensbeheer N.V. is the Operating Company. The Operating Company receives maximum 85% of the management fee.

Fees and expense structure
Management fee
The management fee is 1.15% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 1.15% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

Operating and other expenses
All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

Fund Characteristics

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<th>Fund Characteristics</th>
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<td>NAV per Participation at Commencement Date</td>
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Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

Sequoia Wereld Aandelen Waarde Fonds
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to FundShare UCITS Sequoia Wereld Aandelen Waarde Fonds (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The sub-fund will offer investors exposure to the global equity market by managing a well-diversified portfolio of listed equities and/or exchange traded funds (ETFs). It will select investments on a fundamentally based economic view. The Sub-Fund aims to achieve an above average return for its investors on a longer term. Return consists of capital appreciation and net dividends. Tactical shifts in allocation are made to improve the Sub-Fund return, while the risk of the Sub-Fund will be in line with the FTSE All-World High Dividend Yield Index.

Investment policy and techniques

Investments will generally be held for a medium to longer term. The portfolio will consist of companies in developed countries worldwide. The Sub-Fund can tactically invest in smaller cap companies or change the geographical distribution when this is appropriate regarding economic developments. This implies that positions in emerging markets can be part of the portfolio. In order to get exposure in multiple equities of a specific segment/sector/geographic area and optimizing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund; the Sub-Fund can make use of ETFs while considering that the costs of the ETF issuer can be higher than selecting individual equities.

The liquidity of all investments is considered to be an important factor in the selection process. Additionally, the valuation and credit risk have weight in its selection process.

Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund can invest in open-end Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) for which a look-through will be applied in regards to the following investment restrictions.
  - The ETF shall be a collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS and the Sub-Fund shall invest:
    - Not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value per single ETF;
    - Not more than 35% of its Portfolio Value per ETF’s fund manager; and
    - Not more than 10% of the outstanding amount of shares of one ETF
  - The Sub-Fund shall not hold more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in AIIFs funds (including AIIFs ETF) and other non-UCITS collective investment scheme eligible under UCITS (as specified in Bgfo 130.d and 130.e)
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 70% and maximum 100% of its Portfolio Value in equities
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in investment funds (here defined as collective investment schemes excluding ETFs), bonds and money market instruments
  - The Sub-Fund shall not have more than 20% of its Portfolio Value in cash or Cash Funds
  - The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in securities and money market instruments issued by a single entity
    - Except if the security or money market instrument is issued or guaranteed by a Member-State, then no more than 35% of the Portfolio Value shall be invested in securities issued or guaranteed by a single Member-State.
    - Except if the security or money market instrument is a covered bond issued by a bank established in The Netherlands, then no more than 25% of the Portfolio Value can be invested in those bonds per issuer.
  - At least 60% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in developed countries
    - At least 20% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in North America
    - At least 20% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in Western Europe
    - At least 5% of the value of the Sub-Fund’s equities shall have their country of risk in Asia Pacific
  - A single asset’s position shall not exceed 50% of the asset’s daily volume traded 6 months average on the primary exchange
- The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of the value of its equities in companies which market capitalization is less than 250 million euros
- The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 80% of the value of its equities in companies which market capitalization is more than 1 billion euros
- The portfolio turnover shall not exceed 250% of the Sub-Fund’s Portfolio Value yearly.

**Investment risks**

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund. A broader range of investment risks that might be applicable are stated in the Base Prospectus:

**Sector Concentration Risk**
As there are no restrictions on the sector, the Sub-Fund can have a concentrated exposure towards one sector.

**Currency Risk**
A large portion of the Sub-Funds asset will be held in foreign currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorates compared to the Sub-Funds base currency, this will have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds assets.

**Risk of timing**
The Operating Company can decide to hold cash or Cash Funds for market timing. If, after the exposure is reduced, the markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can “miss” the returns of the market upside.

**Operating Company**
Sequoia Vermogensbeheer N.V. is the Operating Company. The Operating Company receives maximum 85% of the management fee.

**Fees and expense structure**

**Management fee**
The management fee is 1.15% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 1.15% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**
All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

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<td>NAV per Participation at Commencement Date</td>
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<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
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Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to FundShare Sequoia Quantum Satis Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund aims to manage a diversified portfolio of equities in different countries and sectors. On the longer term, the Sub-Funds on average aims to be in line with the return of the MSCI World NR Index.

Investment policy and techniques

In normal market circumstances, the Sub-Fund invests between 60% and 100% in large cap equities worldwide. The selection of these equities will be based on a fundamental analysis using various financial ratios and metrics such as debt/assets ratio, discounted cash flow, free cash flow per share, price/earnings growth ratio or dividend ratio. The Sub-Fund will mainly invest in equities from North-America and Western Europe. A smaller part can be invested in the Asia-Pacific region.

The Sub-Fund can decide to reduce its equity exposure and invest up to 40% of its Portfolio Value in low risk bonds.

Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund shall invest between 60% and 100% of its Portfolio Value in equities from Developed Countries\(^1\) with a market capitalization of at least EUR 200 million;
  - Of which at least at least 25% and no more than 75% have their country of risk in North-America;
  - Of which at least 25% and no more than 75% have their country of risk in Western Europe;
  - Of which no more than 40% have their country of risk in Asia Pacific; and
  - Of which at least 80% of the total equity position have a market capitalization of at least EUR 1 billion.
- The Sub-Fund shall only invest in liquid stocks, i.e. the holdings of the Sub-Fund will not exceed 25% of their average daily traded value over the last 50 trading days.
- The Sub-Fund can invest a maximum of 40% of its Portfolio Value in EUR denominated investment grade\(^2\) bonds, of which:
  - At least 75% has a remaining maturity of less than three years; and
  - The minimum issue size is EUR 200 million.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 40% of its Portfolio Value in one GICS sector.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in a single holding.
  - The Sub-Fund is allowed to invest up to 10% per single entity, where the aggregated amount of exposure to single entities of more than 5% of its Portfolio Value is less than 40% of the Portfolio Value.
- The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in securities issued by a single entity.
- The Sub-Fund is allowed to hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in Cash (or Cash Funds) in order to service inflow and outflow\(^3\).

The portfolio turnover ratio shall be not more than 10 on an annual basis.

Investment risks

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund, a broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus:

Currency Risk

The operating company can decide to invest in investment funds that have underlying investments in non-Euro currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorate compared to the funds base currency, this will have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds’ assets. Total exposure of DDK currency can be up to 40%, last years this currency moved close to the EUR, but if anyhow this currency deviates from de EUR there can be a large exposure.

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\(^1\) Determined by the country of risk of the equity

\(^2\) According to the current best rating of the four agencies Moody’s, S&P, Fitch and DBRS.

\(^3\) Unless exceptional circumstances where inflow/outflow requires more than 10% of the Portfolio Value in ancillary cash
**Risk of Timing of reinvestment**
The operating company can decide to reduce its equity portion to 60% of the NAV. Typically, this will be done in turbulent market environments. If, after the equity exposure is reduced to 60% of the NAV, the equity markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can “miss” the returns of this market upside.

**Operating Company**
Sequoia Vermogensbeheer N.V. is the Operating Company. The Operating Company receives a maximum of 85% of the management fee.

**Fees and expense structure**

**Management fee**
The management fee is 1.0% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 1.0% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**
All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
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<td>Annual Management Fee</td>
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Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

Post Opbouw Inkomens Fonds
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to Post Opbouw Inkomens Fonds (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The objective of the sub-fund is to offer investors stable wealth growth. The core of the portfolio consists of investment grade bonds and stocks. The Sub-Fund’s return objective will be a mix of 70% MSCI World Gross Return Index and 30% of EUR Treasury rates (LEATTREU Index).

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Fund will invest a minimum of 60% in equity securities. Up to 40% of the Sub-Fund will be invested in bonds.

Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund can invest in open-end Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and investment funds for which a look-through1 will be applied in regard to the Sub-Fund’s investment restrictions.
  - The ETFs and investment funds shall have a total net assets value of at least EUR 100 Million;
  - Not more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in non-UCITS collective investment scheme (CIS);
  - Not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value per single CIS (each sub-fund of an underlying umbrella CIS being regarded as a separate CIS for the purpose of applying this limit);
  - Investments in other CIS, which themselves are allowed to invest more than 10% of their net assets in other non-UCITS CIS schemes, are not permitted;
  - Not more than 10% of the outstanding amount of units of a CIS; and
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in ETFs and investment funds managed by the same fund manager.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 60% of its Portfolio Value in equity securities:
  - The equity securities have a market capitalization greater than EUR 100 million;
  - 98% of the equity securities have a market capitalization greater than EUR 250 million;
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in one single equity holding;
- The Sub-Fund can invest in corporate and government bonds:
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 40% of its Portfolio Value in bonds which are investment grade rated2; and
  - The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in bonds which are not investment grade rated2; and
  - The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 5% of its Portfolio value to a single bond issuer;
    - This is raised to a maximum of 25%, if the instruments are issued or guaranteed by the German or Dutch government; and
- The cumulative value of all instruments, in which the Sub-Funds invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value per issuer and that are not issued nor guaranteed by the German or Dutch government, shall not exceed 40% of the Sub-Fund’s Portfolio Value;
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in one ICB Super sector;
- The regional restrictions of the Sub-Fund are as follows:
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 20% of its Portfolio Value in Western Europe3;
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 30% and not more than 80% of its Portfolio Value in North-America3;
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value in Japan and Australia3; and
  - The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in a single individual country outside of North America and Western Europe3.

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1 If no look-through is possible for an investment fund (e.g. due to lack of data), the Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its portfolio value in this investment fund.
2 According to the current best rating of the three agencies Moody’s, S&P, DBRS and Fitch
3 Determined by the country of risk of the asset
The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 80% of its Portfolio Value in EUR, GBP, USD, CAD, and CHF denominated assets (aggregated).

The Sub-Fund may hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in cash or cash equivalents.

The Sub-Fund shall not borrow or lend cash.

Investment risks

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund, a broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus:

Currency Risk
The operating company can decide to invest in investment funds that have underlying investments in non-Euro currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorate compared to the funds base currency, this will have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds’ assets. Total exposure of DDK currency can be up to 40%, last years this currency moved close to the EUR, but if anyhow this currency deviates from de EUR there can be a large exposure.

Interest Risk
The investments will be mainly in bonds having a fixed coupon. Dependent on the time to maturity of the bond, an increase in interest rates will decrease the value of a bond. The longer the remaining lifetime of the bond, the bigger the decrease in the value of the bond.

Credit Risk
The investments will be mainly in bonds that are not risk free. In case the probability of default of the issuer increases, the value of the bond decreases. In case the issuer goes into default, the entire nominal value can get lost.

Risk of timing
The Operating Company can decide to hold cash or cash-equivalent for market timing. If, after the exposure is reduced, the markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can “miss” the returns of the market upside.

Operating Company
Post Vermogensbeheer (a trade name of ‘De vermogensbeheerders’) is the Operating Company. The Operating Company receives a maximum of 85% of the management fee.

Fees and expense structure

Management fee
1.5% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first business day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 1.5% on the NAV of the last business day of the preceding month. This fee includes all management and operating (including administration, audit- and audit support and depositary fees) expenses. This fee excludes the cost of underlying funds; these will be approximately 0.18%. Therefore the Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) will be approximately 1.68%.

Other expenses
All other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus.

Fund Characteristics

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Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

Slim Vermogensbeheer Balanced Strategy Fund
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to Slim Vermogensbeheer Balanced Strategy Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund aims to manage a well-diversified portfolio of mainly bonds issued by mortgage institutions or investment grade government bonds, partly fixed income funds with a focus on High Yield bonds and partly in equity. Tactical shifts in allocation are made to improve the Sub-Fund return, while the risk of the Sub-Fund will aim to be in line with that of comparable indices. The Sub-Fund aims to have a portfolio turnover ratio of not more than 4 times annually. The Sub-Funds’ objective return will be a mix of 60% Bloomberg Barclays Euro Aggregate Total Return Index and 40% MSCI Europe Value NR EUR.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Fund will invest up to 60% in bonds issued by mortgage institutions or investment grade bonds. Up to 20% may be invested in corporate and High Yield bonds and up to 55% may be invested in equity.

Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund can invest up to 30% of its Portfolio Value in open-end Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and regulated investment funds, if they are collective investment schemes eligible under UCITS (as specified in Bgfo 130.d and 130.e), for which a look-through¹ will be applied in regards to the Sub-Fund’s investment restrictions;
  - Not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value shall be invested per single ETF or investment fund; and
  - The Sub-Fund shall not hold more than 10% of the outstanding amount of shares of one ETF or investment fund.

- The Sub-Fund can invest up to 80% of its Portfolio Value in corporate and government bonds;
  - Of which at least 75% shall be invested in bond denominated in EUR, DKK, GBP, USD, CHF and JPY (aggregated);
  - Of which at least 50% shall be invested in bonds denominated in EUR and/or DKK;
  - Of which no more than 40% shall be invested in bonds denominated in DKK;
  - Of which no more than 35% shall be invested in bonds denominated in USD;
  - Of which no more than 25% shall be invested in bonds denominated in one of the following currencies: CHF, JPY, GBP (per each currency);
  - Of which no more than 15% shall be invested in bonds denominated in one single minor currency (no EUR, DKK, CHF, GBP, USD, JPY);
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 40% and maximum 60% of its Portfolio Value in bonds issued by mortgage institutions or investment grade bondsa²; and
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 20% of its Portfolio Value in non-investment gradeb² and emerging market bonds; and
  - The Sub-Fund shall not be exposed for more than 5% of its Portfolio value to the default event of a single bond issuer. This is raised to no more than 35% of the Portfolio Value, if the issuer is German or Dutch government.

- The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 55% of its Portfolio Value in equities:
  - Of which at least 75% shall be invested in equities in the Eurozone, the United States (US), the United Kingdom (UK), Switzerland, Denmark or Japan²;
  - Of which at least 40% shall be invested in equities in the Eurozone and/or Denmark³;

¹If no look-through is possible for an investment fund (e.g. due to lack of data), this investment fund falls into the other asset category.
²According to the current best rating of the four agencies Moody’s, S&P, DBRS and Fitch.
³Determined by the country of risk of the asset.
- Of which not more than 30% shall be invested in equities in one of the following countries: US, UK, Switzerland or Japan1 (per each country);
- Of which not more than 15% shall be invested in equities in any single minor country2 (no Eurozone, Denmark, US, UK, Switzerland, or Japan);
- The Sub-fund shall invest no more than 7.5% of its Portfolio Value in equities with a market capitalization less than 500 million EUR; and
- The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 4% of its Portfolio Value in one equity.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 15% of its Portfolio in other assets (non-equities and non-bonds), which are listed on a regulated exchange.
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in one other asset.
  - The Sub-Fund shall not invest in precious metals or certificates representing such metals.
- The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in instruments issued by the same issuer; if those instruments are not guaranteed nor issued by a Member State;
  - The cumulative value of all instruments, in which the Sub-Funds invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value per issuer and that are not issued nor guaranteed by a Member State, shall not exceed 40% of the Sub-Funds’ Portfolio Value.
- The Sub-Fund is allowed to hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in Cash (or Cash Funds) in order to service inflow and outflow4.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 15% of its Portfolio Value in one ICB Super sector.

Investment risks

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund, a broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus:

Currency Risk

The operating company can decide to invest in investment funds that have underlying investments in non-Euro currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorate compared to the funds base currency, this will have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds’ assets. Total exposure of DDK currency can be up to 40%, last years this currency moved close to the EUR, but if anyhow this currency deviates from de EUR there can be a large exposure.

Interest Risk

The investments will be mainly in bonds having a fixed coupon. Dependent on the time to maturity of the bond, an increase in interest rates will decrease the value of a bond. The longer the remaining lifetime of the bond, the bigger the decrease in the value of the bond.

Credit Risk

The investments will be mainly in bonds that are not risk free. In case the probability of default of the issuer increases, the value of the bond decreases. In case the issuer goes into default, the entire nominal value can get lost.

Fees and expense structure

Management fee

The management fee is 1% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 1% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

Operating and other expenses

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

Fund Characteristics

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1 Unless exceptional circumstances where inflow/outflow requires more than 10% of the Portfolio Value in ancillary cash.
Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

Blauwtulp Global BondSelect Fund
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCTITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to Blauwtulp Global BondSelect Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Funds’ objective is to invest in a globally diversified portfolio of mainly EUR or USD denominated corporate or government long term bonds. The major part will always be invested in liquid bonds of investment grade quality bonds. On the longer term, the Sub-Fund aims to be in line with the return of its target, euro area savings rate +250 bps. The Sub-Fund aims to have a portfolio turnover ratio of not more than 2 times annually.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Fund invests directly in a globally diversified portfolio of bonds across different regions and sectors. The Sub-Fund will mainly invest in EUR or USD denominated liquid corporate or government bonds. Depending on market conditions and in order to preserve capital or to generate income, the Sub-Fund may shift its allocation between euro- and non-euro investment grade and High-Yield bonds, investing a minimum of 30% of its portfolio in investment grade instruments.

Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund can invest up to 50% of its Portfolio Value in open-end Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and regulated investment funds if they are collective investment schemes eligible under UCITS (as specified in Bgfo 130.d) and for which a look-through will be applied in regards to the Sub-Fund’s investment restrictions:
  - Up to 30% of the Portfolio Value can be invested in AIFs and other non-UCITS collective schemes (as specified in Bgfo 130.e);
  - The Sub-Fund shall not hold more than 5% of the outstanding amount of shares of one ETF or investment fund;
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in ETFs by a single fund manager; and
  - The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 15% of its Portfolio Value in regulated investment funds managed by a single fund manager; and
  - The ETFs shall have a Total Net Assets of at least EUR 100 million.
  - The investment funds shall have a Total Net Assets of at least EUR 25 million.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest between 80% to 100% of its Portfolio Value in bonds, of which:
  - At least 98% shall have a nominal outstanding amount of EUR 100 million or higher;
  - At least 60% shall have a nominal outstanding amount of EUR 500 million or higher;
  - At least 65% shall be invested in bonds rated B- or higher;
  - At least 30% shall be invested in investment grade bonds;
  - At least 75% shall be denominated in EUR or USD; and
  - At least 70% have their country of risk in developed markets.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in a single issue.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in corporate bonds in one GICS sector.
- The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in instruments issued by the same issuer; if those instruments are not guaranteed nor issued by a Member State;
  - This is raised to a maximum of 25%, if the instruments are issued or guaranteed by a Member State; and
  - The cumulative value of all instruments, in which the Sub-Funds invests more than 5% of its Portfolio Value per issuer and that are not issued nor guaranteed by a Member State, shall not exceed 40% of the Sub-Fund’s Portfolio Value.

1 If no look-through is possible for an investment fund (e.g. due to lack of data), the Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 5% of its Portfolio Value in those funds.

2 According to the current best rating of the four agencies Moody’s, S&P, DBRS and Fitch.
• The Sub-Fund is allowed to hold up to 20% of its Portfolio Value in Cash (or Cash Funds) in order to service inflow and outflow.

**Investment risks**

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund, a broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus:

**Currency Risk**

The Operating Company can decide to invest in assets denominated in non-Euro currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorate compared to the Funds’ base currency, this will have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds’ assets.

**Interest Risk**

The investments will be mainly in bonds having a fixed coupon. Dependent on the time to maturity of the bond, an increase in interest rates will decrease the value of a bond. The longer the remaining life time of the bond, the bigger the decrease in the value of the bond.

**Credit Risk**

The investments will be mainly in bonds that are not risk free. In case the probability of default of the issuer increases, the value of the bond decreases. In case the issuer goes into default, the entire nominal value can get lost.

**Fees and expense structure**

**Management fee**

The maximum management fee is 1.2% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of maximum 1.2% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

**Operating and other expenses**

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

**Fund Characteristics**

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<tr>
<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
<td>EUR</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| Annual Management Fee | • up to EUR 5 mln AUM: 1.2%  
  • to EUR 10 mln AUM: 1.1%  
  • above EUR 10 mln AUM: 1.0%  |
| Performance Fee | No |
| High Watermark | N/A |
| Minimum Initial Subscription | No minimum |
| Min Required for Additional Subscription or Redemption | No minimum |
| Valuation Day | Every Business Day |
| Trading Day | Every next Business Day after the Valuation Day |
| Cut-off Time for Subscription & Redemption | 16:00 hours each Business Day |
| Redemption Payment Period from Trading Day | 3 Business Days |

1 Unless exceptional circumstances where inflow/outflow requires more than 10% of the Portfolio Value in ancillary cash.
Fundamental Value Fund
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to Fundamental Value Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The objective of the Sub-Fund is to offer an active and professionally managed portfolio of companies with a listing in one of the Euro-countries, and with a market value (market capitalization) of less than EUR 5 billion. Thereby the Sub-Fund aims to achieve a return that is higher than the return on the MSCI Europe ex UK small cap net total return EUR index (Bloomberg Code MSDEXUKN Index). Information about this index can be obtained from the Manager. The euro (EUR) is the base currency.

Investment policy and techniques

Assets and Markets

The Sub-Fund invests mostly in freely tradable liquid (listed) investments through DeGiro and are therefore not exposed to any significant liquidity risk. The Sub-Fund is able to liquidate their interests responsibly and without significant price effects, in a short time frame. The Manager periodically checks whether the Financial Instruments included in the portfolio still meet the criterion and, take appropriate measures if necessary. The Sub-Fund may also invest in units of open-ended collective investment schemes (including units in alternative investments funds) as well as in unlisted investments.

In order to achieve the investment objective, the Sub-Fund selects a minimum of 10 and up to maximum 25 different shares from the investment universe.

This investment universe is limited by the following criteria:

- It concerns shares in companies with market capitalization of less than EUR 5 billion;
- It concerns shares in companies listed on a stock exchange in one of the Euro-countries.

Selection process

The composition of the portfolio of the Fundamental Value Fund, depends on the basis of a model specifically designed by the Manager for this purpose. Within the universe, the Manager selects companies that, on the basis of the past figures, can show relatively good predictable operational and financial growth and in the eye of the Manager have a strong undervaluation. To this end, a pre-selection takes place on the basis of an automated link between the model and the database of one of the largest financial data providers worldwide. This automated pre-selection is necessary to analyse within an efficient time span all shares of the universe. The final selection takes place based on a more in depth analysis of all selected companies, from which a minimum of 10 and a maximum of 25 companies are selected, to form the portfolio of Fundamental Value Fund.

Important criteria for the pre-selection and the final selection of the investments are:

- the growth of operational cash flow and profit;
- the quality of management and the supervisory board of the company;
- the balance sheet and thus the continuity of the company;
- the market position and its development;
- any relative undervaluation or over-valuation of the company;
- the valuation of the company in its sector; and
- the spread in sectors.

Other techniques

It is possible that in anticipation for good investment opportunities, liquid assets will be (temporary) held with interest. It is aimed to have the Sub-Fund at all times for at least 90% invested. Any interest incomes from the liquid assets are for the account of the Fund. No active cash policy will be maintained for the Fund. A limited position will be held in cash, Cash Funds or cash equivalent with regards to the in- and outflow.

The Manager has the right to exercise the rights (including voting rights) with regards to the securities part of the Fund. The Manager will therein be guided by interest of the Participants.
Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund can invest up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in open-end Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and regulated investment funds if they are collective investment schemes eligible under UCITS (as specified in Bgfo 130.d and 130.e);
  - The Sub-Fund shall not hold more than 10% of the outstanding amount of shares of one ETF or investment fund.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest between 90% and 100% of its Portfolio Value in EUR equities, with a market capitalization below EUR 5 billion;
- The Sub-Fund shall not undertake investments which could potentially lead to a negative Sub-Fund value (for example by investing in short selling of securities, uncovered derivatives);
- The Sub-Fund shall invest no more than 10% of its Portfolio Value in assets of one issuing institution (including investment funds);
- The Sub-Fund shall not invest directly in real estate or physical commodities; and
- The Sub-Fund shall not obtain or attempt to obtain any legal or political control in any issuing institutions invested.
- The Sub-Fund is allowed to hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in Cash or Cash Funds.

Investment risks

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund, a broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus:

Market Risk

Market movements can influence price movements of shares, bonds and currency rates. Due to market movements, the value of a position can be significantly decreased.

Risk of timing

The Manager can decide to hold cash or cash-equivalent for market timing. If, after the exposure is reduced, the markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can “miss” the returns of the market upside.

Fees and expense structure

Management fee

The management fee is 0.9% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first Business Day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 0.9% on the NAV of the last Business Day of the month.

Operating and other expenses

All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

Fund Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Anticipated Commencement Date</th>
<th>October 01, 2019</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NAV per Participation at Commencement Date</td>
<td>EUR 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
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<tr>
<td>Annual Management Fee</td>
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<td>Performance Fee</td>
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<td>High Watermark</td>
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<td>Minimum Initial Subscription</td>
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<td>Min Required for Additional Subscription or Redemption</td>
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<tr>
<td>Valuation Day</td>
<td>Every Business Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trading Day</td>
<td>Next Business Day after the Valuation Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cut-off Time for Subscription &amp; Redemption</td>
<td>16:00 hours each Business Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redemption Payment Period from Trading Day</td>
<td>3 Business Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Supplement
To the base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

Fondsstad Dynamisch Fonds
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to Fondsstad Dynamisch Fonds (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund, operating as a fund-of-funds, seeks to achieve long term capital growth and will offer investors exposure to the global equity markets via an active and flexible managed global equity fund of funds. The Sub-Fund aims to provide excess return over the MSCI World Price Index (EUR, Bloomberg ticker MOWO Index) over a typical market cycle of 5 to 7 years, net of fees.

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Fund invests in a portfolio of carefully selected open-ended collective investment schemes (CIS) across the global equity (long only) asset class. The Portfolio Manager has total flexibility in utilizing market opportunities with no defined allocation or style emphasis within the equity asset class. The Sub-Fund’s investment philosophy is to seek to invest in CIS which will provide higher than average risk adjusted returns over the long-term. The Sub-Fund is index unconstrained and does not seek to engage in short-term investment strategies to generate returns. Accordingly, any investment in the Sub-Fund should be viewed as a long-term investment.

Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the investment restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund shall invest between 80% and 100% of its Portfolio Value in CIS (as specified in Bgfo article 130.d and 130.e) in the equity (long only) asset class, whereby it shall invest:
  - Not more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in non-UCITS CIS;
  - Not more than 20% of its Portfolio Value per single CIS (each sub-fund of an underlying umbrella CIS being regarded as a separate CIS for the purpose of applying this limit);
  - Not more than 30% of its Portfolio Value per single fund manager;
  - Not more than 10% of the outstanding amount of units of a collective investment scheme.
- Investments in other CIS, which themselves are allowed to invest more than 10% of their net assets in other non-UCITS CIS schemes, are not permitted;
- The Sub-Fund is allowed to hold up to 20% of its Portfolio Value in cash or Cash Funds;
  - Including ancillary liquid assets (cash or Cash Funds) for up to 10% of the Portfolio Value, in order to service inflow or outflow or to await reinvestment.
- The Sub-Fund shall invest not more than 5% of its Portfolio Value per single entity;
  - The Sub-Fund is allowed to invest up to 10% per single entity, where the aggregated amount of exposures to single entities of more than 5% of its Portfolio Value is less than 40% of the Portfolio Value.
- The portfolio turnover rate (PTR) shall be not more than 4 times annually.

Investment risks

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund, a broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus:

Market Risk
Market movements can influence price movements of the net asset value of CIS and currency rates. Due to market movements, the value of a position can significantly decrease.

Currency Risk
The Operating Company can decide to invest in CIS or to hold cash or Cash Funds denominated in non-Euro currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorates compared to the Sub-Funds’ base currency, this will have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds’ assets.
Risk of Timing
The Operating Company can decide to hold liquid assets for market timing. If, after the exposure is reduced, the markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can "miss" the returns of the market upside.

Concentration Risk
The Sub-Fund’s investment approach is to invest in a relatively small number of CIS (subject to concentration limits set out above). This may result in portfolio concentration in sectors, countries or other groupings. Potential concentrations could mean that a loss to the fund might be higher than if a larger number of investments were made.

Operating Company
Fund Analytics Investment Management LLP is the Operating Company. The firm provides investment solutions to clients through Fondsstad. The Operating Company receives a maximum of 85% of the management fee.

Fees and expense structure

Management fee
The management fee is 1.15% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first business day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of 1.15% on the NAV of the last business day of the month.

Operating and other expenses
All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

Fund Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund Characteristics</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Commencement Date</td>
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<tr>
<td>NAV per Participation at Commencement Date</td>
<td>EUR 10</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
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<tr>
<td>Annual Management Fee</td>
<td>1.15%</td>
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<td>Performance Fee</td>
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<td>Minimum Initial Subscription</td>
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<td>Min Required for Additional Subscription or Redemption</td>
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<td>Valuation Day</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trading Day</td>
<td>Every next Business Day after the Valuation Day</td>
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<td>Cut-off Time for Subscription &amp; Redemption</td>
<td>16:00 hours each Business Day</td>
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<td>Redemption Payment Period from Trading Day</td>
<td>4 Business Days</td>
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</table>
Supplement
To the Base Prospectus dated March 22, 2022

Beleggers Belangen Dividend Fund
A Sub-Fund of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund
Important Information

This Supplement should be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus of FundShare UCITS Umbrella Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”). The Base Prospectus and its appendices, together with this Supplement in relation to Beleggers Belangen Dividend Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) and any other Supplements together form the Fund’s overall Prospectus. Unless expressly stated to the contrary, the terms beginning with capital letters used in this Supplement have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Base Prospectus.

Sustainability classification

This Sub-Fund qualifies as grey Product. Grey Products are not required to include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions and to measure the impact on relevant ESG factors. That is because grey products do not promote sustainability characteristics. The Principal Adverse Impact (PAI) of the investments in these grey Products can be higher. PAI’s are ESG effects that investments could have on the world. Also, the sustainability risk of this Product category could be higher, because FFM believes that if an investment is not screened on ESG-criteria, there is a higher chance of financial losses due to ESG-factors or circumstances. FFM acknowledges the possible negative effect of non-sustainable (grey) Products, but the extra costs of implementing the ESG-criteria to the investments for these products would be high. This negative cost effect for the end-client is the reason that FFM has decided to not include sustainability characteristics in investment decisions for these grey products.

Investment objective

The (Sub-)Fund’s objective is to create a concentrated equity portfolio of quality companies with a sustainable or growing dividend distribution with the aim of increasing the value of the capital invested over time. The (sub-)Fund is aimed at investors with a long-term investment horizon (minimum five years). The expected return is in line with the MSCI World Index Net Return (in EUR, Bloomberg ticker MBWO Index).

Investment policy and techniques

The Sub-Fund invests in listed equities to create a long only portfolio. The portfolio will consist of 25-50 equity securities. The Sub-Fund’s investment philosophy and strategy is based on the research by the analysts of Beleggers Belangen. The equity selection is based on the ability of the companies for creating sustainable and/or growing dividend distributions for its shareholders. The received dividend will be reinvested by the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund will only invest in equity instruments issued by companies from developed countries and in at least 3 different economic sectors.

Restrictions on investments

The capital of the Sub-Fund shall be invested according to the investment objective, taking into account the investment restrictions as set out below:

- The Sub-Fund shall invest at least 90% of its Portfolio in the equity (long only) asset class, whereby it shall invest:
  - At least 99% in companies with a minimum market capitalization of 500 mln EUR;
  - At least 95% in companies with a minimum market capitalization of 1000 mln EUR
  - Not more than 30% of its Portfolio Value in a single country;
    - Deviating from this limit, the Sub-Fund is allowed to invest up to 70% of its Portfolio Value in the United States (US)\(^1\).
  - Not more than 40% of its Portfolio Value in a single (GICS\(^2\)) sector; and
  - Not more than 5% of its Portfolio Value per single entity.
    - The Sub-Fund is allowed to invest up to 10% per single entity, where the aggregated amount of exposures to single entities of more than 5% of its Portfolio Value is less than 40% of the Portfolio Value.
- The Sub-Fund is allowed to hold up to 10% of its Portfolio Value in cash or Cash Funds as ancillary liquid assets in order to service inflow or outflow or to await reinvestment; and
- The portfolio turnover rate (PTR) shall not be more than 2 times per annum.

Investment risks

The risk(s) stated below are specific and important for the Sub-Fund, a broader range of investment risks that might be applicable, are stated in the Base Prospectus:

Market Risk (equity price risk)

Market movements can influence price movements of the net equity. Due to market movements, the value of a position can significantly decrease.

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1 Determined by the Country of Risk of the asset.
2 Global Industry Classification Standard
Market Risk (currency risk)
The Operating Company can decide to invest in companies which have their equity securities denominated in non-Euro currencies. If the value of these currencies deteriorates compared to the Sub-Funds’ base currency, this can have a major impact on the value of the Sub-Funds’ assets.

Risk of Timing of reinvestment
The Operating Company can decide to hold liquid assets for market timing. If, after the exposure is reduced, the markets turn positive, the investor in the Sub-Fund can “miss” the returns of the market upside.

Fees and expense structure
Management fee
The management fee is maximum 0.8% annually. The management fee will be payable each month on the first business day of the month, calculated as 1/12th of maximum 0.8% on the NAV of the last business day of the month.

Operating and other expenses
All applicable operating and other expenses are set out in the Base Prospectus. The cross-border distribution costs, if any, are charged to the Sub-Fund.

The total expected costs (TER), without transaction costs (management fee and operational fees) will be below 1%, if the assets under management (AuM) of the Sub-Fund is higher than 15 million euro.

Fund Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Details</th>
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<td>Commencement Date</td>
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<tr>
<td>NAV per Participation at Commencement Date</td>
<td>EUR 10</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub-Fund’s Base Currency</td>
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<td>Annual Management Fee</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• to EUR 50 mln AUM: 0.75%</td>
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<td>• above EUR 50 mln AUM: 0.7%</td>
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<td>Performance Fee</td>
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<td>Minimum Initial Subscription</td>
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